

Constanten

c	$2.99792458 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
G	$6.67428(67) \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3 \text{ kg}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-2}$
h	$6.62606896(33) \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$
e	$1.60217733(49) \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
k	$1.3806504(24) \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$
σ	$5.670400(40) \times 10^{-8} \text{ W m}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-4}$
amu	$1.660538782(83) \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
m_e	$9.10938215(45) \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$ $\simeq 0.00054858 \text{ amu}$
m_p	$1.672621637(83) \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ $\simeq 1.00727647 \text{ amu}$
m_n	$1.674927211(84) \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ $\simeq 1.00866492 \text{ amu}$
eV	$1.602176487(40) \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
$GM_\odot$	$1.32712441 \times 10^{20} \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-2}$
$M_\odot$	$1.9884 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg}$
$R_\odot$	$6.96 \times 10^8 \text{ m}$
$L_\odot$	$\simeq 3.85 \times 10^{26} \text{ J s}^{-1}$
$L_{V,\odot}$	$\simeq 5.6 \times 10^{23} \text{ J s}^{-1} \text{ nm}^{-1}$
$T_{\text{eff},\odot}$	$\simeq 5780 \text{ K}$
$M_{V,\odot}$	4.83
$M_{\text{bol},\odot}$	4.74
yr	$365.25 \times 86400 \text{ s}$
A.U.	$1.495978707 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}$ $\simeq 499.00478384 \text{ s} \times c$
pc	$\simeq 3.086 \times 10^{16} \text{ m}$
H_0	$67.4(5) \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$
t_0	$13.787(20) \text{ Gyr}$
Ω_b	0.0486(10)
Ω_{CDM}	0.2589(57)
Ω_Λ	0.6911(62)

Formules

Afstand, tijd en licht

$$d(\text{pc}) \equiv \frac{1}{p''}$$

$$m_1 - m_2 = -2.5 \log \frac{f_1}{f_2}$$

$$L = 4\pi R^2 F = 4\pi d^2 f$$

$$B_\lambda d\lambda = \frac{2\pi hc^2}{\lambda^5} \frac{1}{e^{hc/\lambda kT} - 1} d\lambda$$

$$\lambda_{\text{max}} T_{\text{eff}} = \text{constant} \simeq 0.29 \text{ cm K}$$

$$F = B = \sigma T_{\text{eff}}^4$$

$$\frac{R_{\text{ms}}}{r_\odot} \approx \left(\frac{M_{\text{ms}}}{M_\odot} \right)^n; \quad M_{\text{ms}} \lesssim M_\odot: n \approx 1; \quad M_{\text{ms}} \gtrsim M_\odot: n \approx 0.6$$

$$\frac{L_{\text{ms}}}{L_\odot} \approx \left(\frac{M_{\text{ms}}}{M_\odot} \right)^{3.8}$$

Gassen, straling en sterren

$$\frac{dM(r)}{dr} = 4\pi r^2 \rho(r)$$

$$\frac{dP(r)}{dr} = -\frac{GM(r)}{r^2} \rho(r)$$

$$u = \frac{4\sigma}{c} T_{\text{eff}}^4$$

$$F = -\frac{cl}{3} \nabla u = -\frac{c}{3\kappa\rho} \nabla u$$

$$\left(\frac{dT(r)}{dr} \right)_{\text{rad}} = -\frac{L(r)}{4\pi r^2} \frac{3\kappa(r)\rho(r)}{4\sigma} \frac{1}{4T(r)^3}$$

$$\left(\frac{dT(r)}{dr} \right)_{\text{ad}} = \left(1 - \frac{1}{\gamma} \right) \frac{T(r)}{P(r)} \frac{dP(r)}{dr}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{3} nvp = \frac{1}{3} nmv^2 \equiv nkT$$

$$\frac{1}{2} mv^2 \equiv \frac{3}{2} kT$$

$$P_{\text{gas}} = \frac{k}{\mu m_{\text{H}}} \rho T$$

$$P_{\text{rad}} = \frac{u}{3} = \frac{4\sigma T^4}{3c}$$

$$P_{\text{d}} \equiv \frac{K_{\text{d}}}{m_e} \left(\frac{\rho}{\mu_e m_{\text{H}}} \right)^{5/3}; \quad K_{\text{d}} \approx 2.13 \times 10^{-68} \text{ N}^2 \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^2$$

$$P_{\text{d,r}} \equiv K_{\text{d,r}} \left(\frac{\rho}{\mu_e m_{\text{H}}} \right)^{4/3}; \quad K_{\text{d,r}} \approx 2.45 \times 10^{-26} \text{ N m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{c}} \propto \frac{GM}{R} \bar{\rho} \propto \frac{3GM^2}{4\pi R^4}$$

$$T_{\text{c}} \propto \frac{\mu m_{\text{H}}}{k} \frac{\bar{p}}{\rho_{\text{c}}} \frac{GM}{R}$$

$$\tau_{\text{n}} \sim 10 \text{ Gyr} \frac{M}{M_\odot} \left(\frac{L}{L_\odot} \right)^{-1}$$

$$\tau_{\text{th}} \equiv \frac{E_{\text{th}}}{L} \sim \frac{GM^2}{RL} \sim 31 \text{ Myr} \left(\frac{M}{M_\odot} \right)^2 \left(\frac{R}{R_\odot} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{L}{L_\odot} \right)^{-1}$$

$$\tau_{\text{dyn}} = \sqrt{\frac{R^3}{GM}} \sim 27 \text{ min} \left(\frac{M}{M_\odot} \right)^{-1/2} \left(\frac{R}{r_\odot} \right)^{3/2}$$

$$R_{\text{wd}} \approx 0.01125 R_\odot \left[\left(\frac{M_{\text{wd}}}{1.454 M_\odot} \right)^{-2/3} - \left(\frac{M_{\text{wd}}}{1.454 M_\odot} \right)^{2/3} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$R_{\text{s}} = \frac{2GM}{c^2}$$

Dubbelsterren

$$\frac{GM_{\text{T}}}{a_{\text{b}}^3} = \left(\frac{2\pi}{P} \right)^2 = \omega_{\text{b}}^2$$

$$a_1 = \frac{M_2}{M_{\text{T}}} a_{\text{b}}; \quad q_1 \equiv \frac{M_1}{M_2} = \frac{a_2}{a_1}$$

$$\mu \equiv \frac{M_1 M_2}{M_1 + M_2}; \quad \mathcal{M}_{\text{c}} \equiv \left(\frac{M_1 M_2}{M_{\text{T}}^{1/3}} \right)^{3/5}$$

$$R_{\text{Rl,i}} \approx \frac{2}{3^{4/3}} a_{\text{b}} \left(\frac{M_{\text{i}}}{M_{\text{T}}} \right)^{1/3} \approx 0.46 a_{\text{b}} \left(\frac{M_{\text{i}}}{M_{\text{T}}} \right)^{1/3}$$

$$E_{\text{b}} = E_{\text{pot}} + E_{\text{kin},1} + E_{\text{kin},2} = -\frac{GM_1 M_2}{2 a_{\text{b}}}$$

$$J_{\text{b}} = J_1 + J_2 = M_1 M_2 \left(\frac{G a_{\text{b}}}{M_{\text{T}}} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$\left(\frac{j}{J} \right)_{\text{GW}} = -\frac{32}{5} \frac{G^3}{c^5} \frac{M_1 M_2 M_{\text{T}}}{a^4}$$

$$\tau_{\text{merge,gw}} = \frac{5}{256} \frac{c^5}{G^3} \frac{a_{\text{b}}^4}{M_1 M_2 M_{\text{T}}} \approx 150 \text{ Myr} \left(\frac{a_{\text{b}}}{R_\odot} \right)^4 \left(\frac{M_1}{M_\odot} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{M_2}{M_\odot} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{M_{\text{T}}}{M_\odot} \right)^{-1}$$

$$\frac{\dot{a}}{a} = 2 \dot{M}_{\text{d}} \frac{M_{\text{d}} - M_{\text{a}}}{M_{\text{d}} M_{\text{a}}}$$

$$|E_{\text{bind,mntl}}| = \alpha_{\text{CE}} |\Delta E_{\text{b}}| = \alpha_{\text{CE}} \left[\frac{GM_{\text{d,e}} M_{\text{a}}}{2a_{\text{e}}} - \frac{GM_{\text{d,b}} M_{\text{a}}}{2a_{\text{b}}} \right]$$

Zwaartekrachtgolven

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{M}_c &= \left(\frac{M_1 M_2}{M_{\text{T}}^{1/3}} \right)^{3/5} \\
h_+(t) &= \frac{4}{d} \frac{G}{c^4} \mu a_{\text{b}}^2 \omega_{\text{b}}^2 \cos(2\omega_{\text{b}} t) \\
h_{\times}(t) &= \frac{4}{d} \frac{G}{c^4} \mu a_{\text{b}}^2 \omega_{\text{b}}^2 \sin(2\omega_{\text{b}} t) \\
|h_{+,\times}| &= h_{\text{opt}} = \frac{4}{d} \frac{G}{c^4} \mu a_{\text{b}}^2 \omega_{\text{b}}^2 = \frac{4}{d} \frac{G^2}{c^4} \frac{M_1 M_2}{a_{\text{b}}} \\
&= \frac{4}{d} \frac{G^{5/3}}{c^4} \frac{M_1 M_2}{M_{\text{T}}^{1/3}} (\pi f_{\text{gw}})^{2/3} = \frac{4}{d} \left(\frac{G \mathcal{M}_c}{c^2} \right)^{5/3} \left(\frac{\pi f_{\text{gw}}}{c} \right)^{2/3} \\
\langle h(t) \rangle &= \frac{2}{5} h_{\text{opt}} \\
P_{\text{gw}} &= \frac{32}{5} \frac{c^5}{G} \left(\frac{G \mathcal{M}_c \omega_{\text{gw}}}{2c^3} \right)^{10/3} = \frac{32}{5} \frac{G^4}{c^5} \frac{M_1^2 M_2^2 M_{\text{T}}}{a_{\text{b}}^5} \\
\dot{f}_{\text{gw}} &= \frac{96}{5} \pi^{8/3} \left(\frac{G \mathcal{M}_c}{c^3} \right)^{5/3} f_{\text{gw}}^{11/3} \\
f_{\text{gw}} &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{5}{256} \frac{1}{t_{\text{coal}} - t} \right)^{3/8} \left(\frac{G \mathcal{M}_c}{c^3} \right)^{-5/8} \\
\Delta t &= \frac{5}{256} \pi^{-8/3} \left(\frac{G \mathcal{M}_c}{c^3} \right)^{-5/3} \left[f_{\text{min}}^{-8/3} - f_{\text{max}}^{-8/3} \right] \\
&\approx 2.16 \text{ s} \left(\frac{\mathcal{M}_c}{1.22 M_{\odot}} \right)^{-5/3} \left[\left(\frac{f_{\text{min}}}{100 \text{ Hz}} \right)^{-8/3} - \left(\frac{f_{\text{max}}}{100 \text{ Hz}} \right)^{-8/3} \right] \\
\left(\frac{da_{\text{b}}}{dt} \right)_{\text{gw}} &= -\frac{64}{5} \frac{G^3}{c^5} \frac{M_1 M_2 M_{\text{T}}}{a_{\text{b}}^3} \\
\tau_{\text{merge,gw}} &= \frac{5}{256} \frac{c^5}{G^3} \frac{a_{\text{b}}^4}{M_1 M_2 M_{\text{T}}} \\
&\approx 150 \text{ Myr} \left(\frac{a_{\text{b}}}{R_{\odot}} \right)^4 \left(\frac{M_1}{M_{\odot}} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{M_2}{M_{\odot}} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{M_{\text{T}}}{M_{\odot}} \right)^{-1} \\
R_{\text{isco}} &= 3R_{\text{s}} = \frac{6GM_{\text{bh}}}{c^2} \\
f_{\text{gw,isco}} &= \frac{1}{6^{3/2} \pi} \frac{c^3}{GM_{\text{T}}} \approx 4.4 \text{ kHz} \left(\frac{M_{\text{T}}}{M_{\odot}} \right)^{-1} \\
f_{\text{gw,max}} &\sim \frac{1}{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{GM_{\text{T}}}{a_{\text{min}}^3}}; \quad a_{\text{min}} \sim 1.5 (R_1 + R_2) \\
h(t) &= \frac{\Delta L(t)}{L} \\
\Delta \varphi &= 2h_0 \frac{2\pi L}{\lambda_{\text{L}}} \text{sinc} \left(\frac{2\pi f_{\text{gw}} L}{c} \right) \cos(2\pi f_{\text{gw}} t) \\
L_{\text{opt}} &= \frac{c}{4f_{\text{gw}}} \\
S_{\text{n}}^{1/2}(f) \Big|_{\text{shot}} &= h_{\text{min}}(f) \Big|_{\text{shot}} = \frac{\Delta L_{\text{min}}(f)}{L} \Big|_{\text{shot}} \\
&= \frac{1}{2\pi L} \sqrt{\frac{hc\lambda_{\text{L}}}{\eta_{\text{PD}} P_{\text{L}}}} \approx \frac{7 \times 10^{-20}}{\sqrt{\eta_{\text{PD}}}} \left(\frac{L}{1 \text{ km}} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{\lambda_{\text{L}}}{\mu\text{m}} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{P_{\text{L}}}{\text{W}} \right)^{-1/2} \\
\tilde{h}(f) &= \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{5}{6} \right)^{1/2} \frac{1}{2\pi^{2/3}} \frac{c}{d} \left(\frac{G \mathcal{M}_c}{c^3} \right)^{5/6} f_{\text{gw}}^{-7/6} \\
\rho^2 &\equiv 4 \int_{f_{\text{min}}}^{f_{\text{max}}} \frac{|\tilde{h}(f)|^2}{S_{\text{n}}(f)} df \\
\rho_{\text{tot}} &= \sqrt{\sum_i^{N_{\text{det}}} \rho_i^2} \\
\rho &\sim \frac{h_0}{n_0} \gtrsim \rho_{\text{min}} \sqrt{\frac{\tau_0}{T_{\text{obs}}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Sterrenstelsels en kosmologie

$$\begin{aligned}
v_{\text{rot}} &= \sqrt{\frac{GM(r)}{r}} \\
L_{\text{V}} &\approx 50.2 L_{\odot} \left(\frac{P}{\text{day}} \right)^{0.972} \\
v &= H_0 \cdot d \\
r(t) &= r_{\text{s}} a(t); \quad v(t) = r_{\text{s}} \dot{a}(t) \\
H(t) &= \frac{v(t)}{r(t)} = \frac{\dot{a}(t)}{a(t)} \\
v^2 - \frac{8\pi G}{3} r^2 \rho &= -kc^2 r_{\text{s}}^2 = H^2 r^2 - \frac{8\pi G}{3} r^2 \rho \\
H^2 - \frac{8\pi G}{3} \rho &= \frac{-kc^2}{a^2}; \quad H_0^2 - \frac{8\pi G}{3} \rho_0 = -kc^2 \\
\rho_{\text{crit}} &= \frac{3H^2}{8\pi G} \\
\Omega &\equiv \frac{\rho}{\rho_{\text{crit}}}; \quad \Omega_0 = \frac{\rho_0}{\rho_{\text{crit},0}}; \quad \Omega_{\text{b},0} \approx 0.049 \left(\frac{H_0}{67.4 \text{ km/s/Mpc}} \right)^2 \\
a^3 \rho &= a_0^3 \rho_0 \equiv \rho_0 \\
\left(\frac{\dot{a}}{a} \right)^2 &= \frac{8\pi G}{3} \frac{\rho_0}{a^3} = \frac{H_0^2}{a^3} \\
a(t) &= \left(\frac{3}{2} H_0 t \right)^{2/3} \equiv \left(\frac{3}{2} \frac{t}{t_{\text{H}}} \right)^{2/3} \\
t_0 &= \frac{2}{3} t_{\text{H}}; \quad t_{\text{H}} \equiv 1/H_0 \\
z &\equiv \frac{\Delta \lambda}{\lambda} = \frac{\lambda_{\text{obs}} - \lambda_{\text{bron}}}{\lambda_{\text{bron}}} = \frac{a_{\text{obs}} - a_{\text{bron}}}{a_{\text{bron}}} \equiv \frac{1}{a_{\text{bron}}} - 1 \\
z_{\text{Doppler}} &\equiv \frac{\Delta \lambda}{\lambda} = \frac{\lambda_{\text{obs}} - \lambda_{\text{bron}}}{\lambda_{\text{bron}}} = \sqrt{\frac{1+v_{\text{rad}}/c}{1-v_{\text{rad}}/c}} - 1 \approx \frac{v_{\text{rad}}}{c} \\
1+z &= \frac{1}{a(z)} \\
d &\approx \frac{cz}{H_0} \quad (z \ll 1) \\
t(z) &= t_0 \frac{1}{(1+z)^{3/2}} \\
t_{\text{L}} &\equiv t_0 - t(z) \equiv t_0 (1 - t_{\text{rel}}(z)) \\
d_{\text{L}} &= c \cdot t_{\text{L}} = ct_0 \left(1 - \frac{1}{(1+z)^{3/2}} \right) \\
u_{\lambda} d\lambda &= \frac{4}{c} B_{\lambda} d\lambda = \frac{8\pi hc}{\lambda^5} \frac{1}{e^{hc/\lambda kT} - 1} d\lambda \\
T(a) &= \frac{T_0}{a} \\
\rho_{\text{rad}} &= \frac{u}{c^2} = \frac{4\sigma}{c^3} T(a)^4 = \frac{4\sigma T_0^4}{c^3 a^4} \\
\frac{\dot{a}}{a} &= \left(\frac{32\pi G}{3c^3} \sigma T^4 \right)^{1/2} \\
T(t) &= \left(\frac{3c^3}{128\pi G \sigma} \right)^{1/4} t^{-1/2} \\
a(t) &= \left(\frac{128\pi G}{3c^3} \sigma T_0^4 \right)^{1/4} t^{1/2}
\end{aligned}$$