

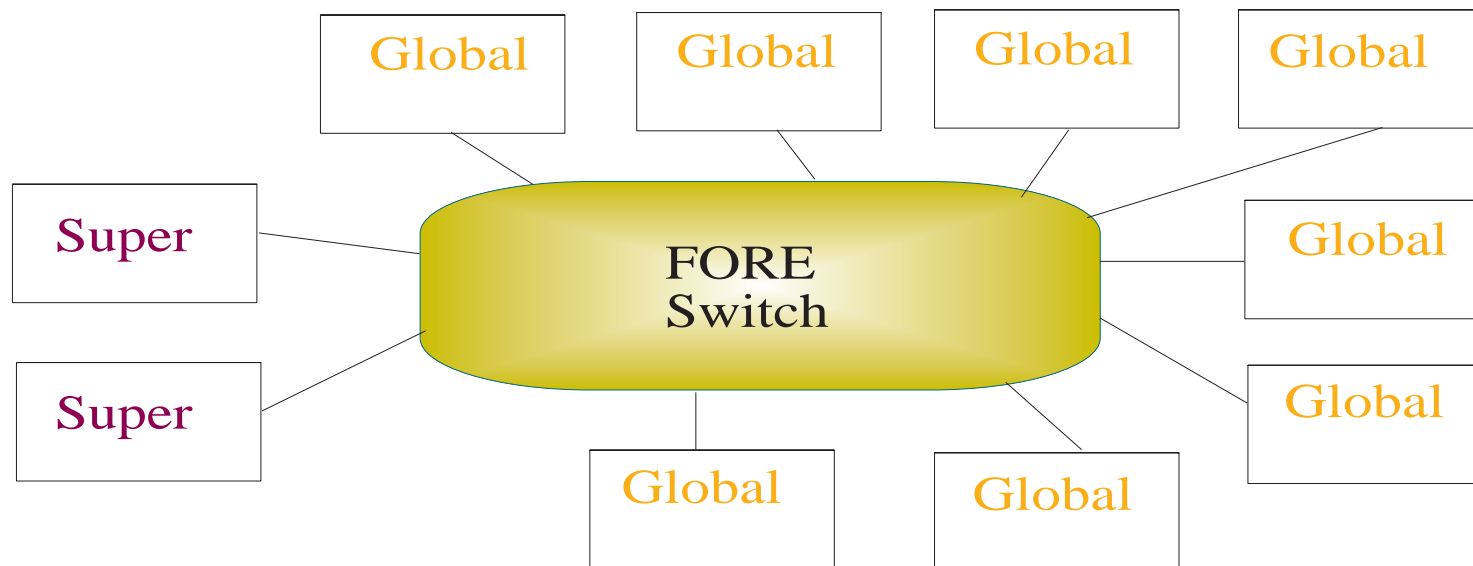
# **A Status Report Modeling the ATM Testbed**

- ☐ Very early measurements
- ☐ SIMDAQ model
- ☐ Comparison of SIMDAQ with measurements
- ☐ Next Steps

# Early ATM Measurements

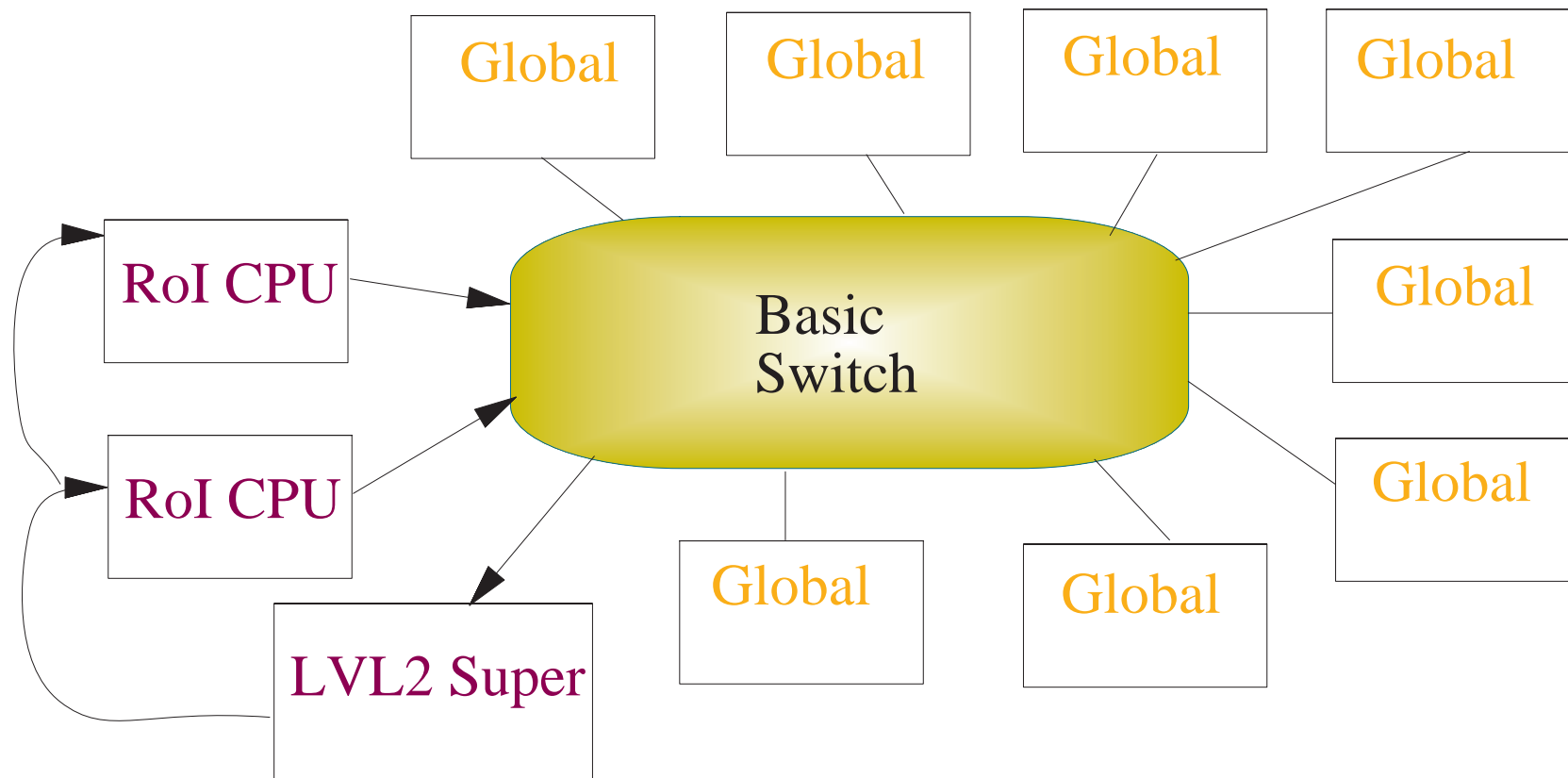
- ❑ 16 Port FORE switch
- ❑ 1-8 300MHz Pentium II as Global Processors
- ❑ 1-2 333 MHz PPros as supervisor Rol Processors
- ❑ 100 microsec "algorithm" time

# Simple setup for ATM measurements



- o Each Super queues up to 8 events in each Global (aka DST)
- o Each Global waits 10 microsec and responds with event accept/reject
- o Measure rates/latency dist. vs. #Supers/#Globals

# SIMDAQ version of measurements



# Differences

- ☐ SIMDAQ has data requests to ROB measured doesn't (data back =0 though)
- ☐ SIMDAQ has one Supervisor receiver even with two CPU Supervisor
- ☐ ATM is not modelled in SIMDAQ (yet)
- ☐ Decision Block ???
- ☐ Depth of queue for each processor set globally in SIMDAQ and independently in measurement (per Super CPU)

## **SIMDAQ configuration (for study offline)**

**After the following tune:  
set scheduling times to  
5 microsec (vs. 25)  
take run with one Supervisor  
and 8 Globals and tune  
supervisor timings to make the  
rate match (tuning  
dependence?)**

# Warning!

- ☐ Take all of this with a 50 lb salt block (instead of a "grain of salt")
- ☐ Too many mysteries to count and this all suggests that none of this is right yet
- ☐ The results speak for themselves in this regard
- ☐ Need to really fix the "details" first and then understand the quirks

## **Rates (meas. vs. SIMDAQ)**

- ☐ 8 global 1 super (tuned to) 44kHz vs. 46kHz
- ☐ 8 global 2 super 86 kHz vs. 56 kHz
- ☐ 1 global 1 super 11 kHz vs. 7 kHz
- ☐ 1 global 2 super 12 kHz vs. 7 kHz
- ☐ 8 global 1 super 39 kHz vs. 46 kHz (100 microsec. global algorithm)
- ☐ 8 global 2 super 42 kHz vs. 46 kHz (100 microsec. ...)



# Latency

