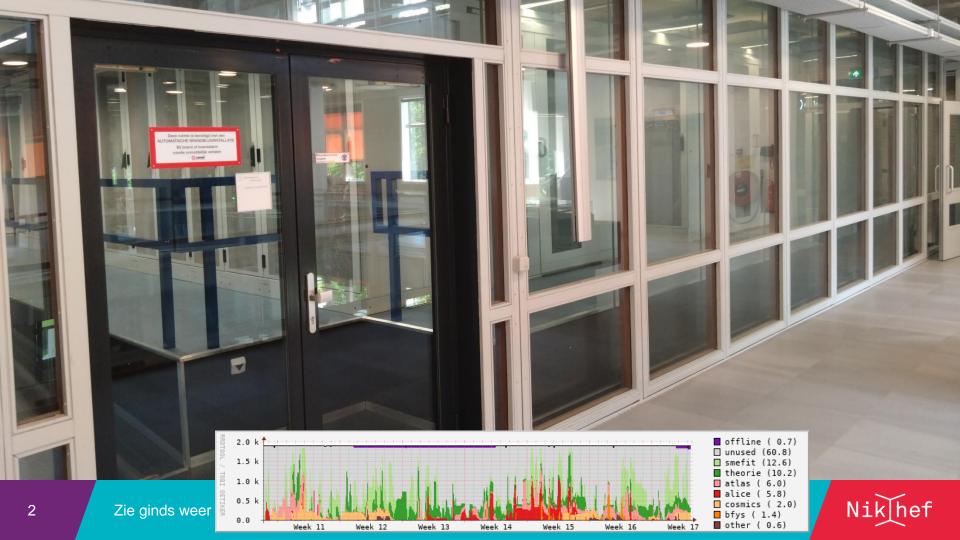


PDP - Physics Data Processing

"See Santa's Ship Sail again!"

"Zie ginds weer de Stoomboot"

David Groep Nikhef Jamboree 2024



### 'Pillars' of Nikhef Physics Data Processing

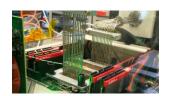
# Infrastructure for trusted collaboration

- trust and identity ('SSO') for enabling communities
- managing complexity of collaboration mechanisms
- securing infrastructure for science, today & tomorrow



# Algorithmic design patterns and software

- designing software for (GPU) accelerators, new algorithms, high-performance processors
- software design patterns for workflow & data orchestration



# Infrastructure, network & systems co-design R&D

- building 'research IT facilities'
- co-design & development
- big data science innovation
- research on IT infrastructure







#### PDP-CT itself is also a collaboration!

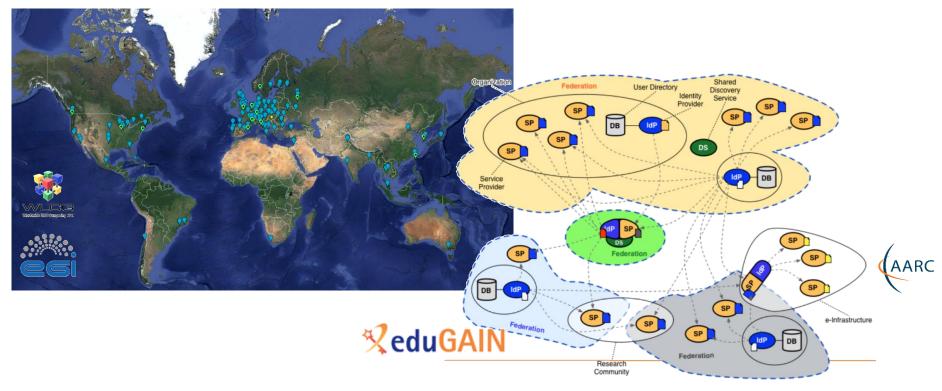


PDP and CT-PDP – "most of whom cannot be seen". But you can soon find out – join the Office Hours every 1st Thursday of the month!





#### Scalable Multi-domain services: Infrastructure for Collaboration



Sites map: EGI Federation, WLCG; multi-federation image by Lukas Hammerle, SWITCH; AARC Community: https://aarc-community.org/



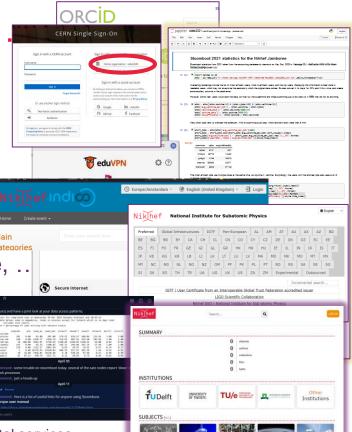


## Some services you may already use .

- CERN: login with eduGAIN
- Nikhef (and CERN Indico): global federated login
- eduVPN: securely access Callysto and your home
- eVA, SURFdrive, and FileSender to collaborate
- Callysto: JupyterHub with \$HOME and SSO
- Experimental services: ShareMD, NWO-I commute, ...



But do read <a href="https://www.nikhef.nl/pdp/doc/experimental-services">https://www.nikhef.nl/pdp/doc/experimental-services</a> before using experimental services ...



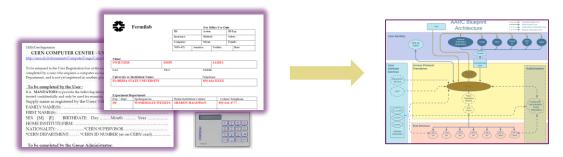




#### Infrastructure for Collaboration – under an AARC TREE

Architectures, protocols, and good practice guidelines for global, 'seamless', and **secure collaboration** 

- building cross-domain global compute facilities
- collaboration on open, 'FAIR' global data
- joining and moving around in your experiment
- with services across Research Infrastructures



See also https://doi.org/10.2777/8702, https://rcauth.eu/, https://aarc-community.org/





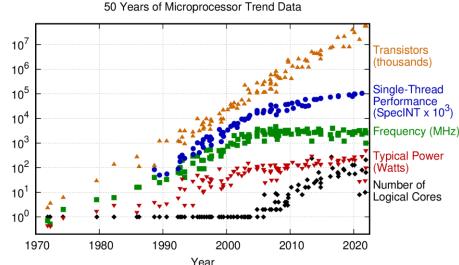


## Need4Speed, Need4Scale, Need4Thought? Or all of these?

#### 'More of the same' is not enough

- co-design of detectors, readout and processing: optimize performance, keep (energy) cost under control
- we must move to accelerators
   also in re-processing and 'off-line':
   FASTER, LHC4D, ...
- and we must be more clever as well ©

driven by 'need for speed', but also by energy limitations (watt/cm<sup>2</sup> and total power)



Original data up to the year 2010 collected and plotted by M. Horowitz, F. Labonte, O. Shacham, K. Olukotun, L. Hammond, and C. Batten New plot and data collected for 2010-2021 by K. Rupo

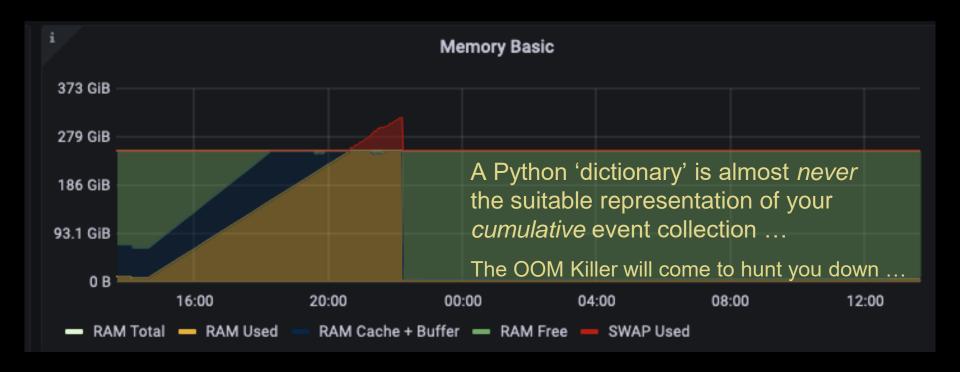
Image processor trend data:

https://github.com/karlrupp/microprocessor-trend-data, by K.Rupp et al., CC-BY-4.0





# On data structures and scalability







## Need4Scale – with great power ...

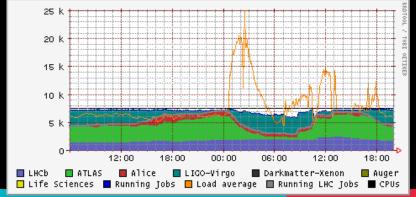
```
[root@wn-pep-002 ~] # top
top - 09:40:47 up 71 days, 12:17, 2 users, load average: 110.38, 101.43, 106.3
Tasks: 700 total, 7 running, 666 sleeping, 0 stopped, 27 zombie
%Cpu(s): 17.0 us, 2.0 sy, 0.0 ni, 81.0 id, 0.0 wa, 0.0 hi, 0.0 si, 0.0 st
KiB Mem : 39462902+total, 23514457+free, 10406320 used, 14907812+buff/cache
KiB Swap: 67108860 total, 66841340 free, 267520 used. 37964784+avail Mem
```

PID US	SER P	PR NI	VIRT	RES	SHR	S	%CPU	%MEM	TIME+	COMMAND
82661 ex	kpt000 2	20 0	5618756	396356	924	R	360.0	0.1	5:14.43	mksquashfs
72615 ex	kpt000 2	20 0	5626336	248516	816	R	90.0	0.1	5:44.11	mksquashfs
83257 ex	kpt000 2	20 0	5611608	219300	852	S	90.0	0.1	1:17.66	mksquashfs

. . .

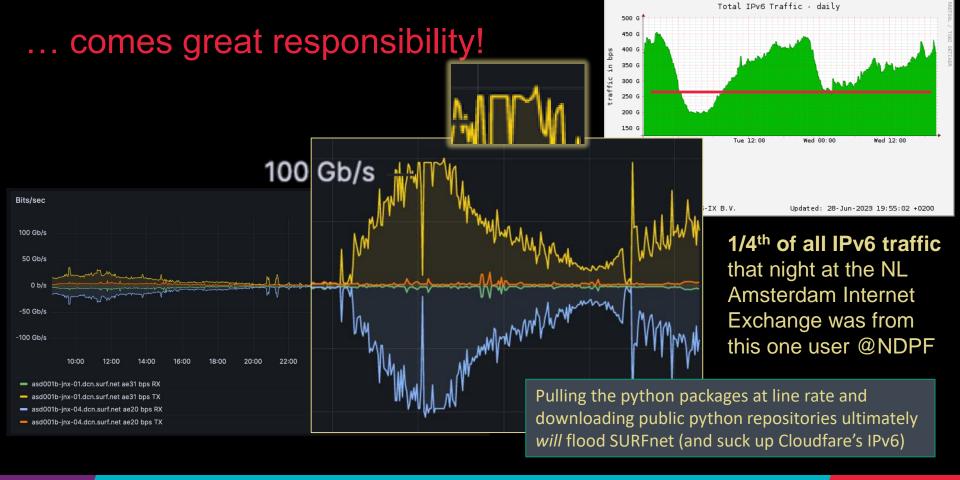
User doing mass *creation* of containers, rebuilding their python 'virtual env' for each job, running on >> 4000 cores

June 28th, 2023, data from Nikhef NDPF stats & cricket (top),













# And this year, the stoomboot winner is ...

```
In [3]:
lastyear=df2023.add(df2024, fill_value=0)
lastyear['njobs'] = lastyear['njobs'].astype(int)
In [4]:
sly = lastyear.sort values('cpsum', axis=0, ascending=False)
```

Congrats to Tanishq (theory), Mohit (cosmics), Efren (LHCb), and Giacomo (theory)

1						ranked by	actual	computing	work	
	Users ranked by actual computing work									
	Out[4]:		corewallsum	wa	llsum	cpsum	njo	bs		njobs
		id	[years]	[у	ears]	[years]			3	169826
		tsharma	62.4690	53	.8772	58.2098	1698	326	•	232255
		msaharan	47.9864	47	.9864	47.5289	2322	255	)	185849 87206
		erodrigu	39.9191	39	.9191	36.7769	1858	349		45721
		gmagni	44.7394	3	.7516	28.8070	872	206	}	19970 291918
stoomboot usage May 2023 – May 2024, analysis: Jeff Templon					pl	krack	23.5386	6.8287	20.2963	42307
See also https://www.nikhef.nl/pdp/stats/stbc/intern/stbc_summ_plots			р	veen	19.7364	19.7364	19.6241	47018		
7ie ginds weer de stoomboot (see Santa's ship sail aga					bkor	tman	20.9752	20.9752	18.9141	701677

## In time for the HL HLC (and more besides)

# Test with superfast 800 Gbit internet between Amsterdam and CERN successful

15 April 2024

Nokia and SURF have successfully tested an 800 Gbit/s data connection between Nikhef in Amsterdam and CERN in Geneva. Such a connection is needed to transmit data from the upcoming high-luminosity LHC accelerator.

The test used existing fiber-optic connections through Belgium and France toward Geneva in Switzerland over a total distance of 1,648 kilometers. An 800 Gbit/s connection is about a thousand times faster than the Internet connection in an average household.

Nokia's latest photonic technology, the sixth-generation super-coherent Photonic Service Engine (SPE-6s), was deployed in the tests, along with 16QUM-shaped modulation. The results of the tests will be announced in more detail next week at a Nokia expert conference in Athens.

Data hub





#### **ATLAS TO export repeat**

- To export rates are the most important use case and were not achieved
- The rates weren't achieved because they were queued behind production
  - T2 traffic is non negligible in ATLAS
     (42% dst, 25% src)
- Tests were repeated injecting one site at the time
  - Rates improved for the majority of sites
- Some differences:
  - SARA was testing 800 Gb/s after DC24;
     was injected with much larger rates
  - RAL wanted to test writing directly to tape in the second test; other limitations were identified
  - NDGF resolved the dcache bug that was affecting them

800Gbps in practice

Site	T0 Export	DC24 best rates on day 1,2	% of expected rates	T0-T1 one T1at the time	% of expected rates		
<b>BNL-ATLAS</b>	60	31.5	53%	61.3	102%		
FZK-LCG2	32	26.4	83%	42.2	132%		
IN2P3-CC	38	<u>43</u>	113%	50.9	134%		
INFN-T1	23	19.3	84%			1.03	.,,
NDGF-T1	15	13.8	92%			No. American	The Contract of the Contract o
SARA-MATRIX	15	12.2	81%	42	74.1	1827	7%
pic	11	12.3	112%				7.0
RAL-LCG2	38	<u>15</u>	39%		10.40	41.00	Manager Co.
TRIUMF-LCG2	25	23.9	96%	27.2	109%		
T1 summary	257	197.4	77%	562.7	219%		
T1 summary -SARA	242	185.2	77%	288.6	119%		
T1 summary		25	7	197.4	77%	562.7	219%
T1 summary -SA	ARA	24	2	185.2	779	288.6	119%
					2525		

From: Katy Ellis (STFC RAL): DC24 report, LHCOPN meeting, Catania, IT, April 2024 <a href="https://indico.cern.ch/event/1349135/#6-dc24-report">https://indico.cern.ch/event/1349135/#6-dc24-report</a>

LHCONE/LHCOPN meeting, April 2024

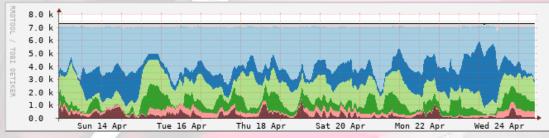




#### ... towards tomorrow!

But why not get results faster on our next-gen clusters?

+30% HEPscore performance



unused (3.3)
atlb (40.8)
ligo (19.9)
lhcbpil (19.1)
alicesgm (9.9)
auger (3.7)
other (3.4)

#### and 'containerise' your work

- better access to GPUs on stoomboot
- automatically done on our newer hardware like 'vuurpijl'
- prepare for data analysis preservation and good research data management

Screenshot: AMD EPYC Genoa architecture, VO GRIS view https://www.nikhef.nl/pdp/doc/stats/stbc-grisview-short







Networks can make an image with many tracks as well!

# Nikhef 'Autonomous System' AS1104

internal network and private peerings

Time for some track finding? Curious about your way home?

From home, use

traceroute -A myip.nikhef.nl

