

Some preliminary results of the FC TPC electric field simulation

Anatoli Krivshich

(Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Russia)

Mihail Yarmarkin

(Petersburg State Technical University)

**ECFA-DESY Linear Collider Workshop
Amsterdam, NIKHEF
April 2003**

**The first approximation of the drift space structure
of Time Projection Chamber (TPC) for TESLA.**

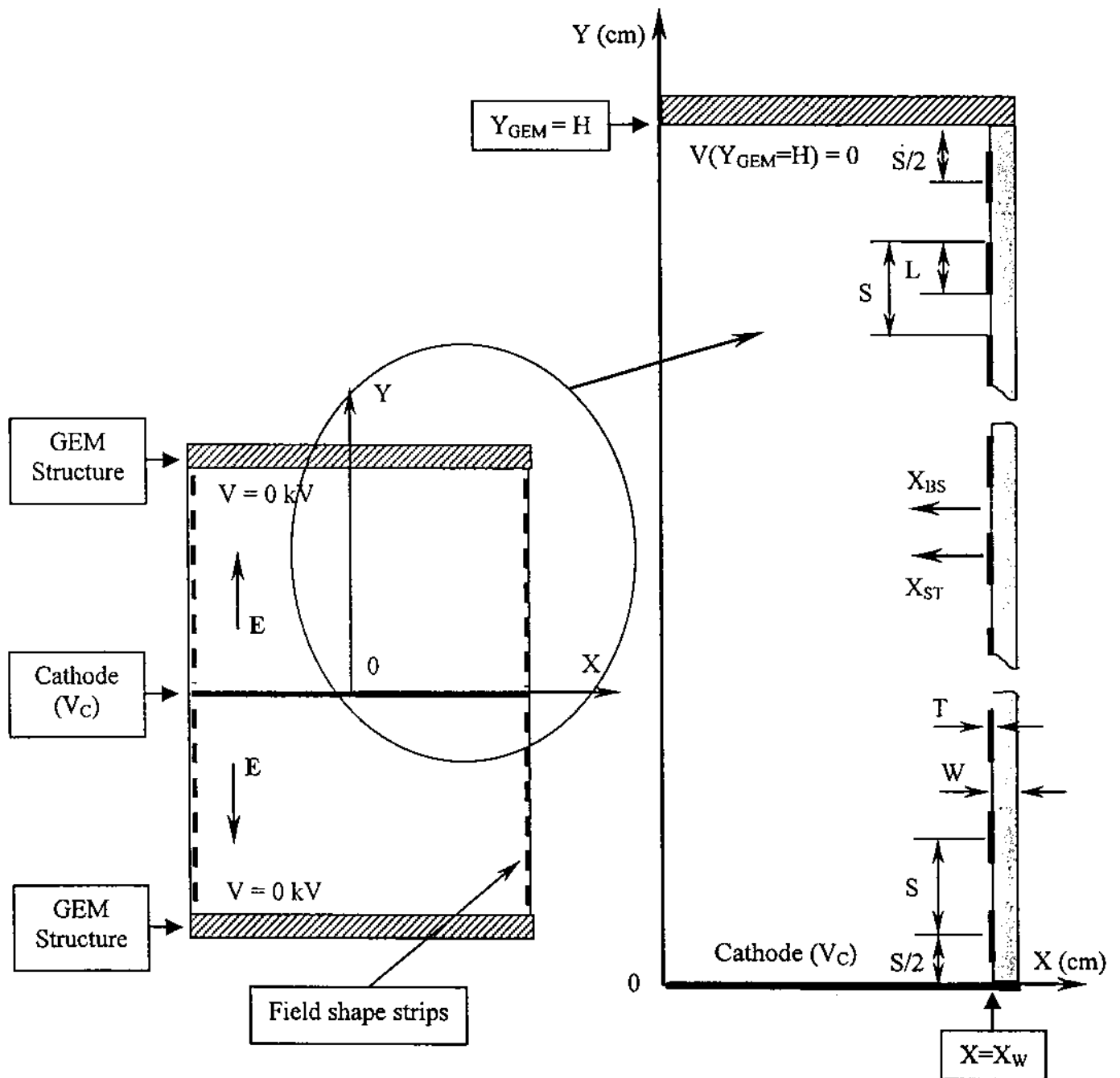


Fig.1a

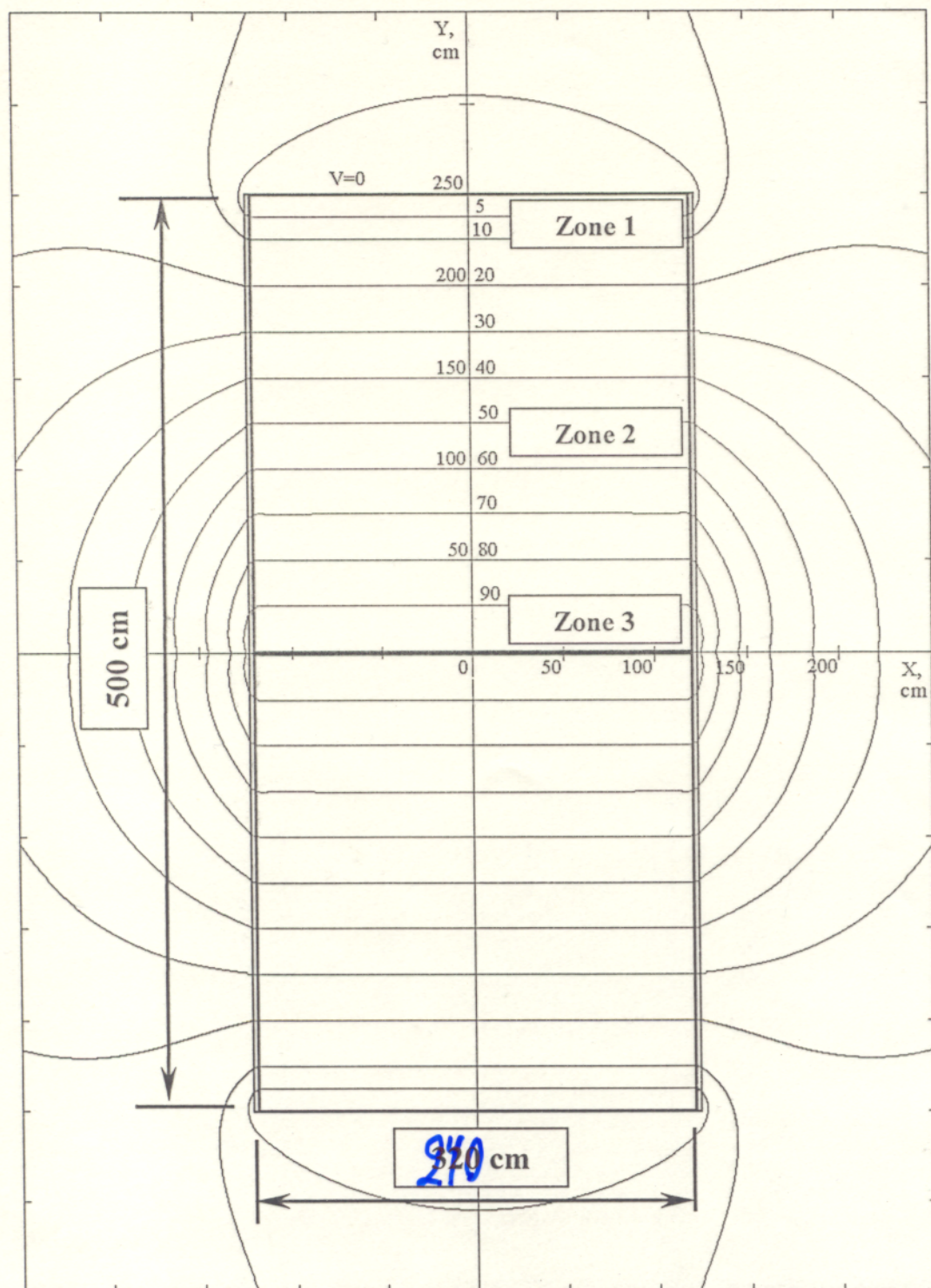
Fig.1b

Description of Fig.1.

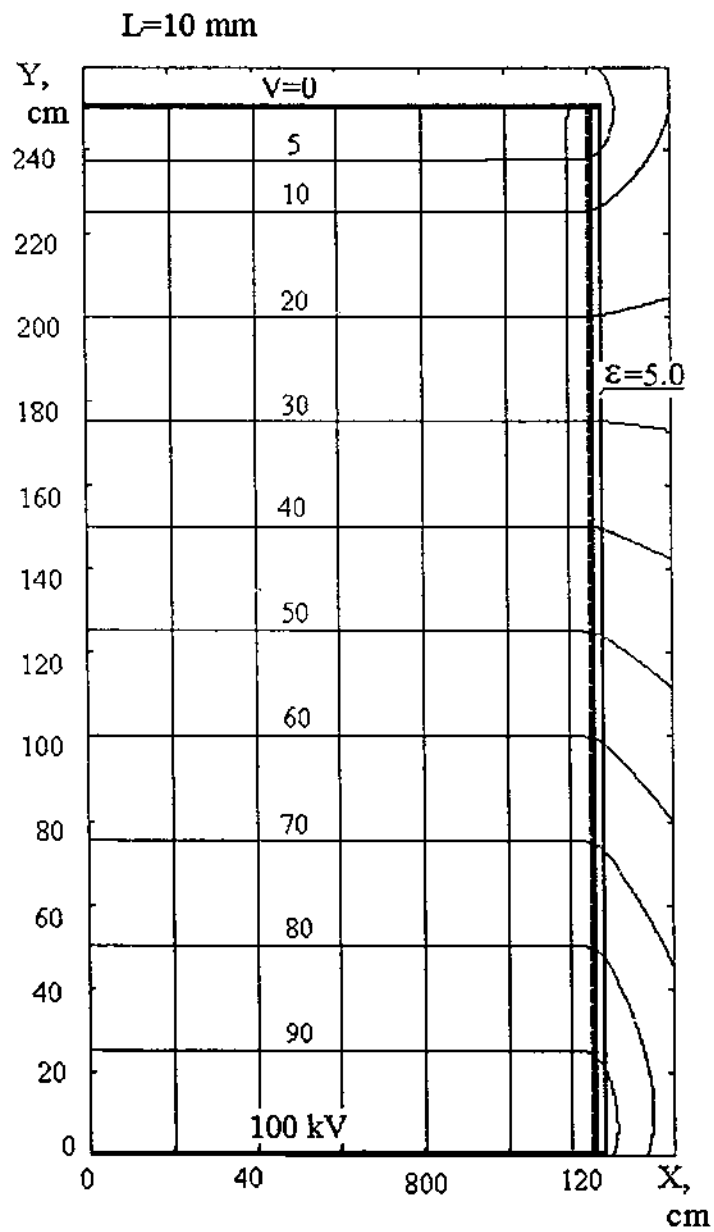
1. $L=250\text{cm}$.
2. $X_w=160\text{cm}$.
3. Electric field tension is $E=400\text{V/cm}$.
4. Cathode potential is $V_c=+100\text{kV}$.
5. Distance between strips is $S=2\text{cm}$.
6. Thickness of the strip $T=0.5\text{mcm}$ ($5 \cdot 10^{-4}\text{cm}$).
7. Wall thickness is $W=3\text{cm}$.
8. Potential (V_H) that should be fixed on the strip number " N " and the strip coordinate (Y_N) should be calculated according to the following equations:

$$V_N = ES(N-1/2). \quad Y_N = S(N-1/2).$$

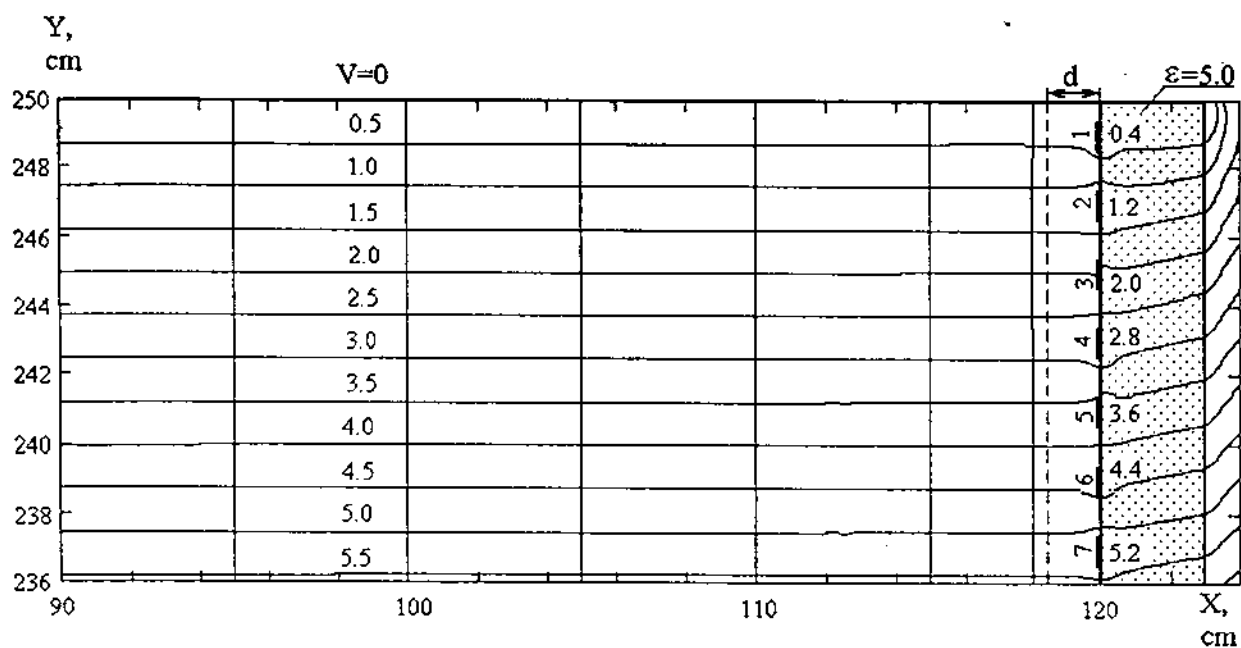
Distribution of equipotential lines. General view.



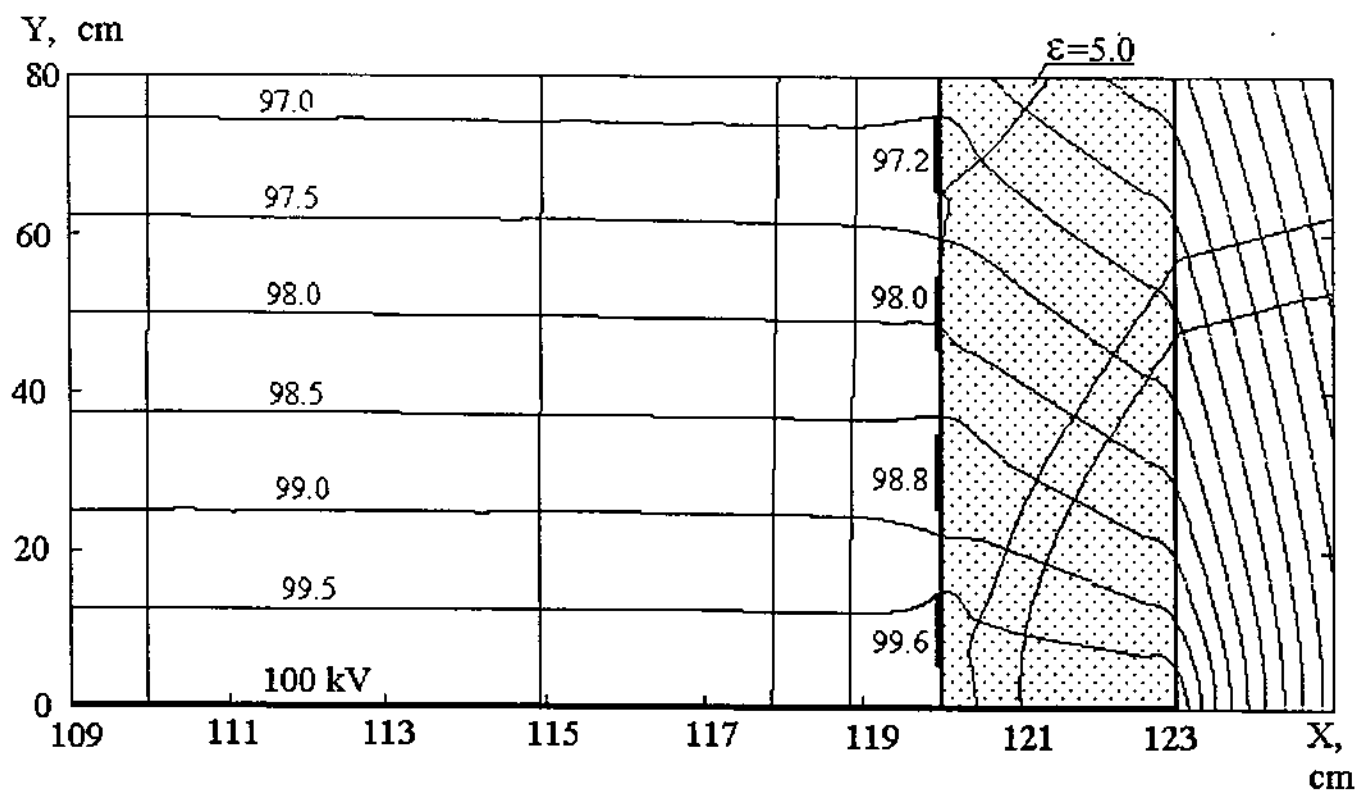
Zone #1. Distribution of equipotential lines



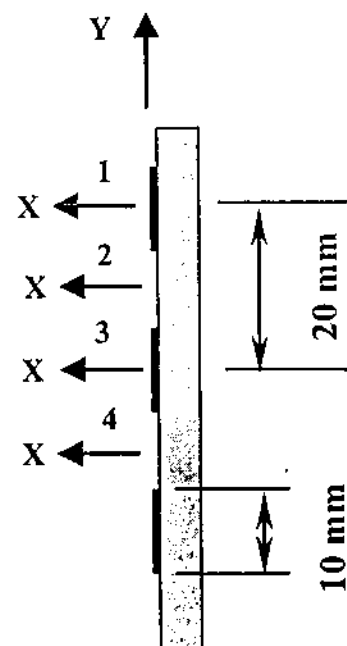
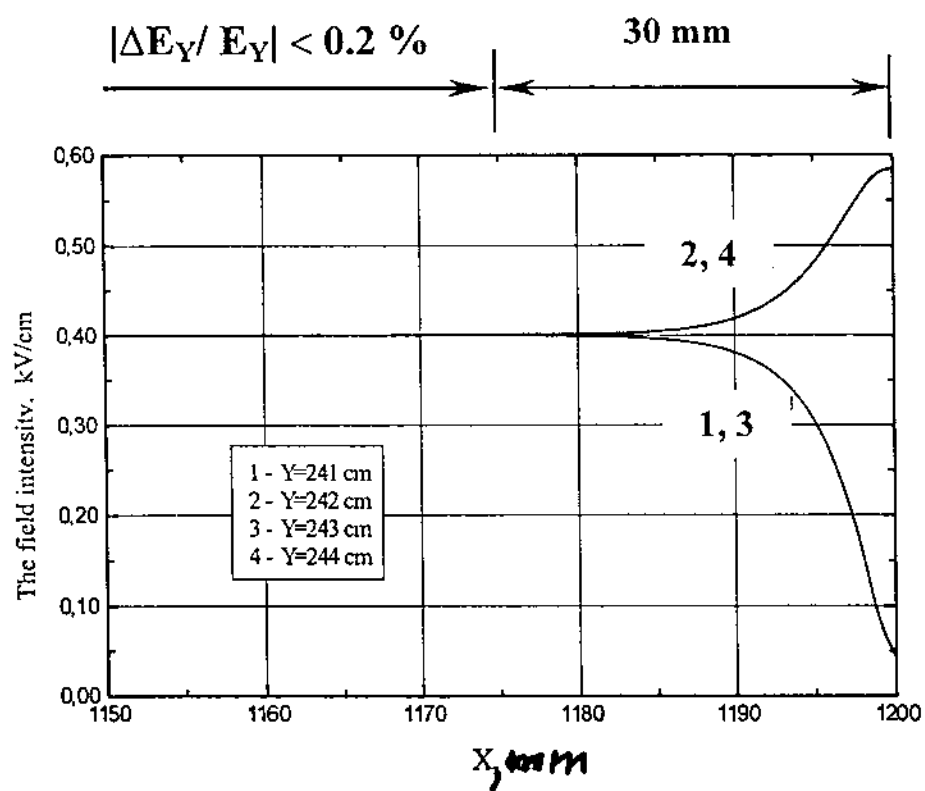
Zone #1. Distribution of equipotential lines



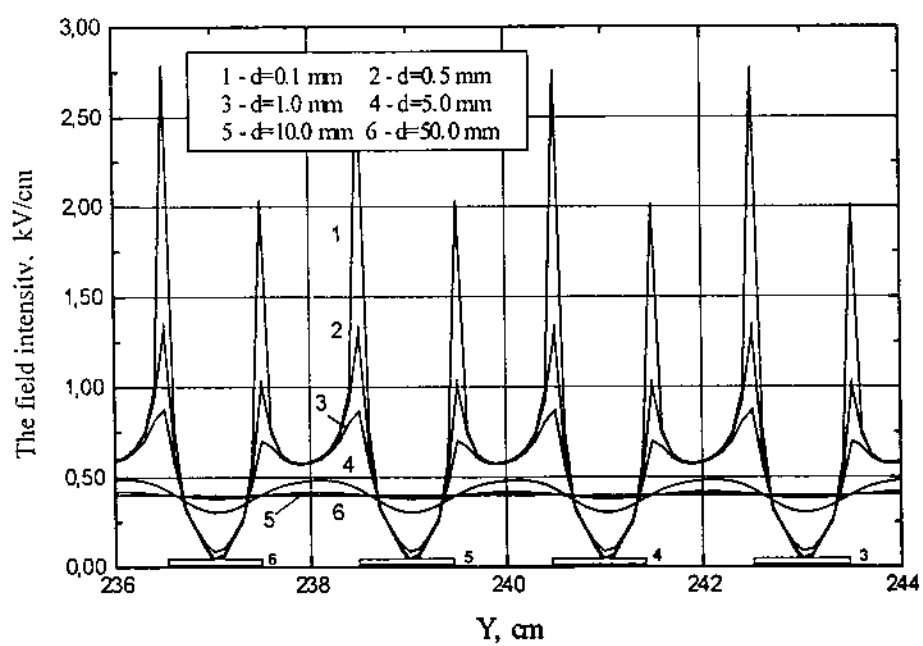
Zone #3. Distribution of equipotential lines



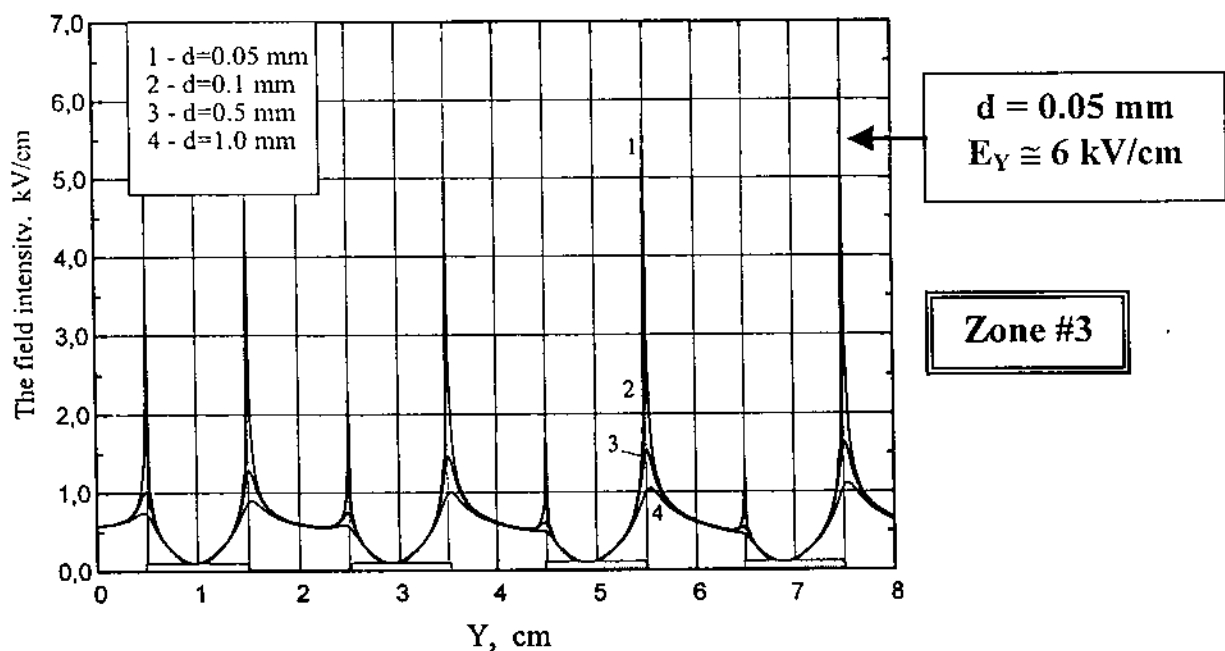
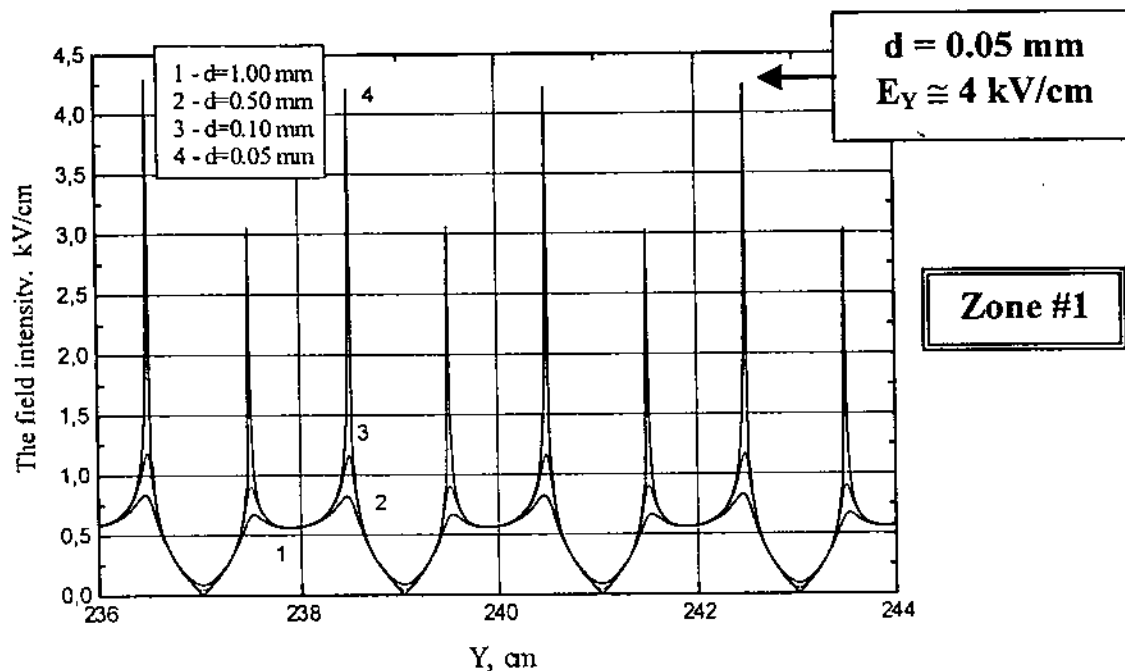
Distribution of longitudinal components (E_Y) of the field intensity



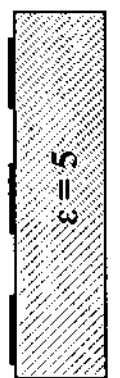
**Longitudinal (E_Y) components of the electric field
for different distances from the strips.
Zone #1.**



**Longitudinal (E_Y) components of the electric field
for different distances from the strips.**

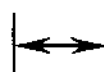


**The field intensity in vicinity of the edges
of strips is increased more that 10 times
in compare to
the nominal value ($E_Y = 0.4$ kV/cm)
and achieved very high value
 $E_Y \geq 6$ kV/cm**

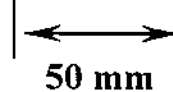


30 mm

FC wall design without
grounded screen



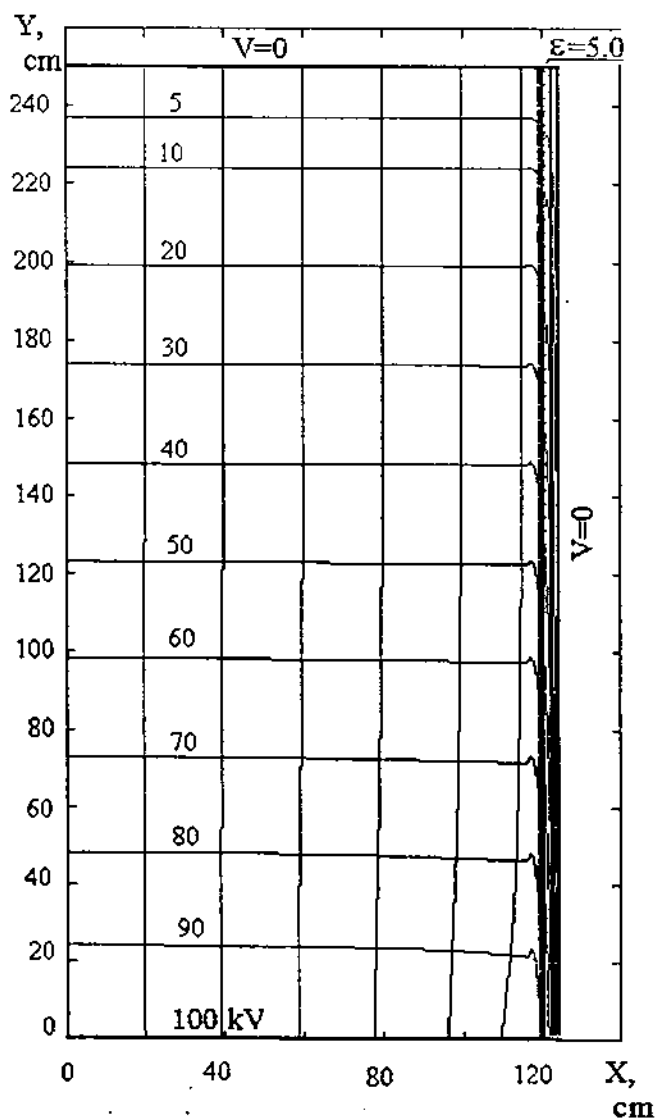
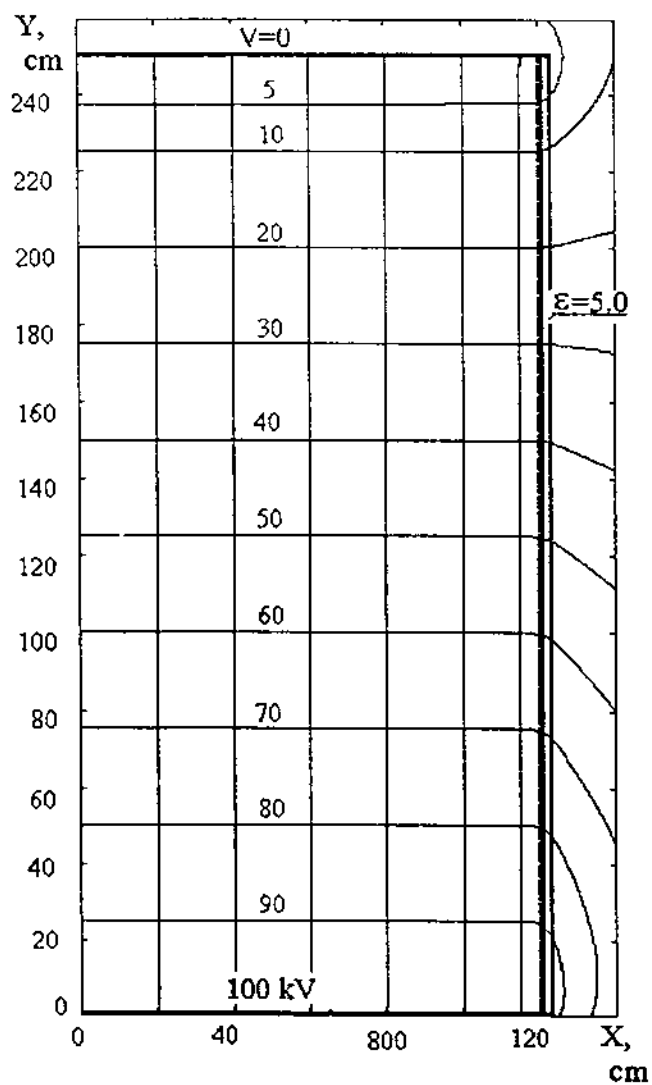
30 mm



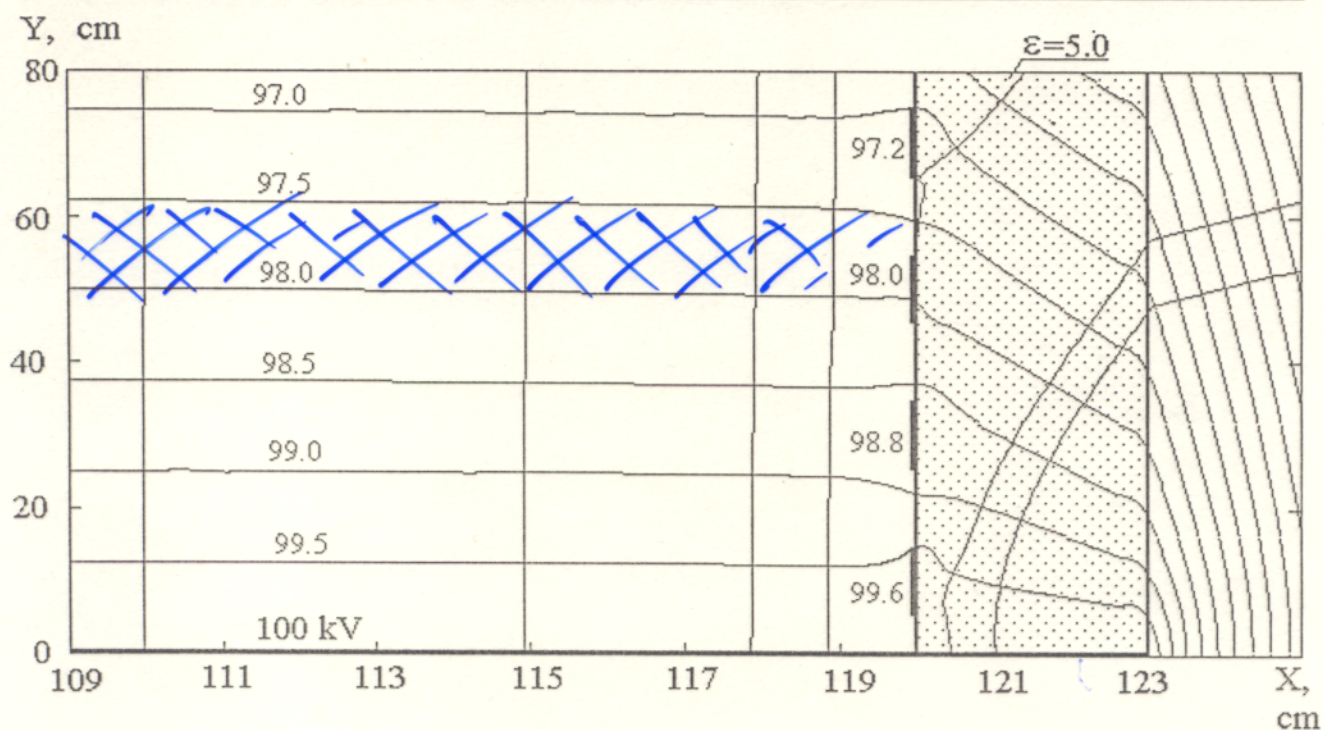
V = 0 kV

FC wall design with
grounded screen

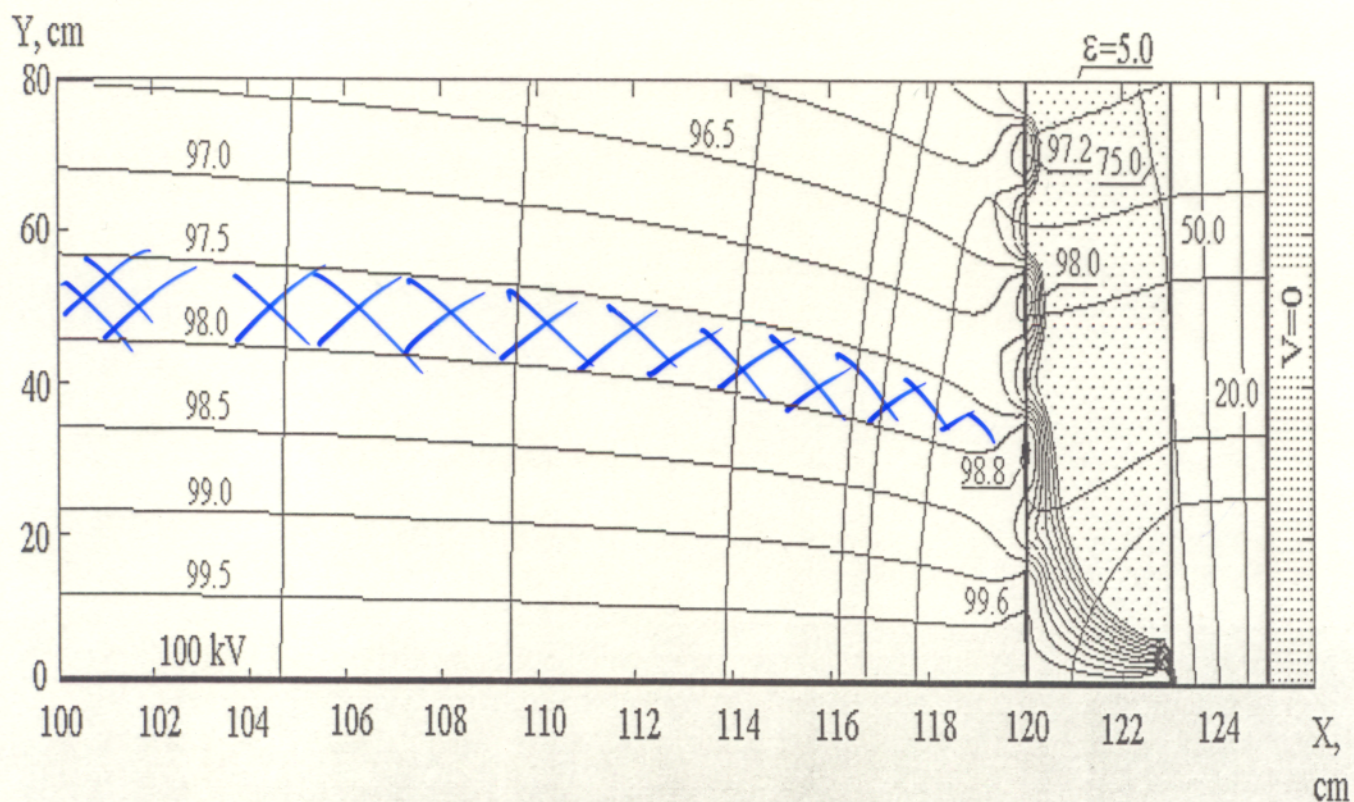
L=10 mm



**Distribution of equipotential lines for the FC wall design
without external grounded screen. Zone #3.**



**Distribution of equipotential lines for the FC wall design
with external grounded screen. Zone #3.**



Conclusion

- 1. Optimization of the boundary conditions is the only way for the field structure optimization inside of FC TPC.**
- 2. Correct choice of the strip granularity provides both the required field uniformity and moderate surface fields on the strip edges, and hence stable operation of detector.**
- 3. External grounded screens (TPC vessel, for instance) distort the FC internal field and stimulate increasing of the field intensity on the strip edges.**