

Status of the Aachen R&D for the TESLA TPC

Martin Killenberg

Sven Lotze Joachim Mnich Astrid Münnich
Stefan Roth Manfred Tonutti Michael Weber

III. Physikalisches Institut B

RWTHAACHEN

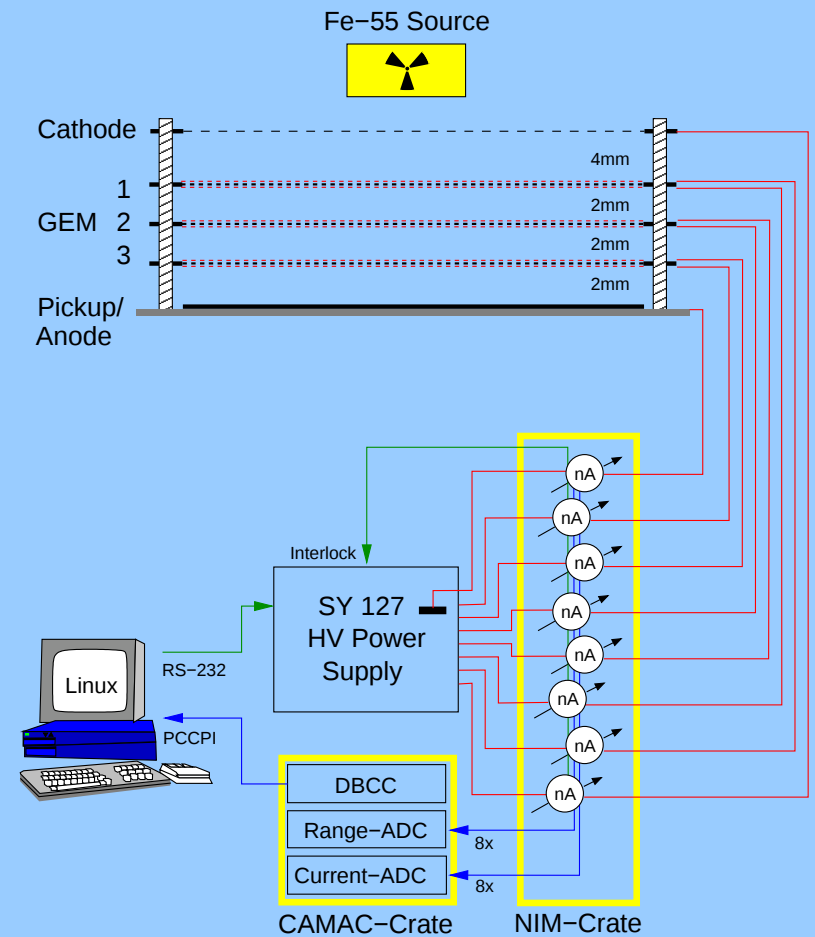
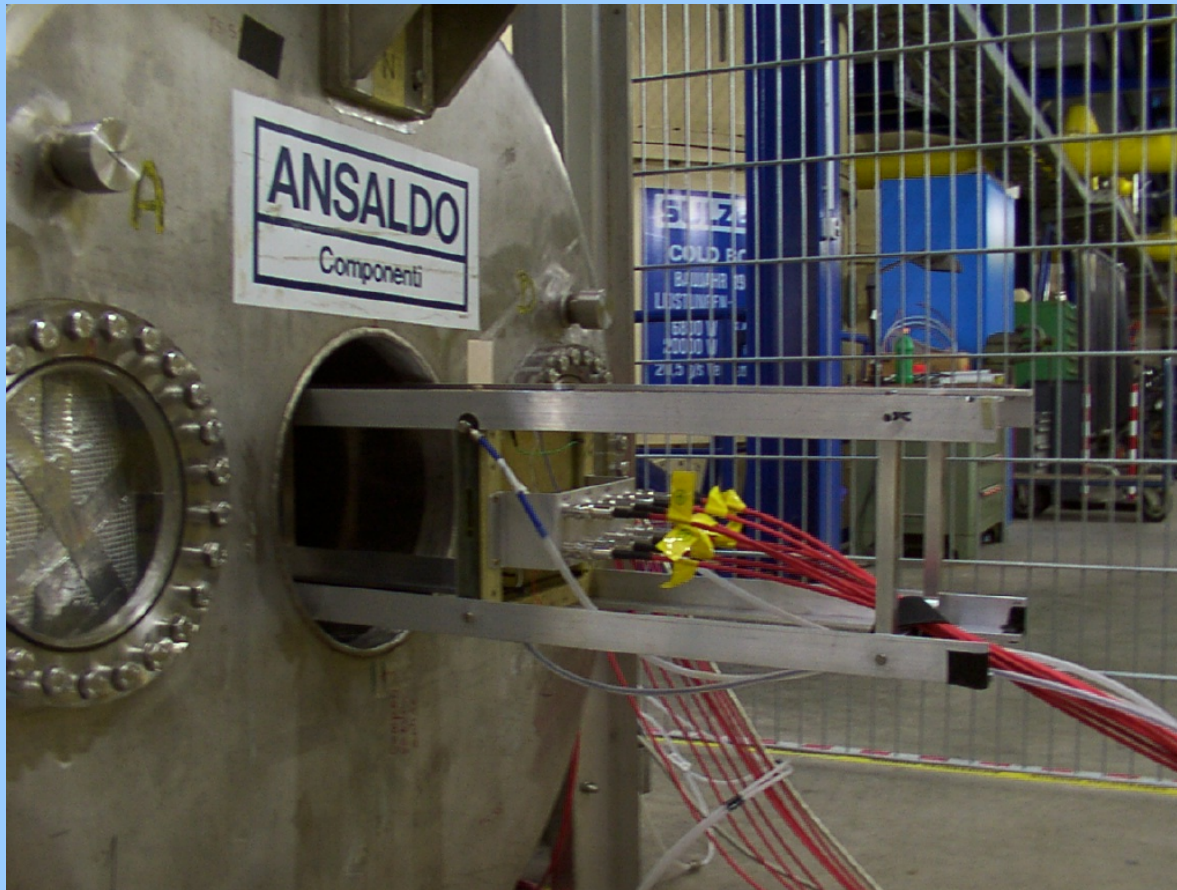
ECFA DESY Linear Collider Workshop

Amsterdam, April 2003

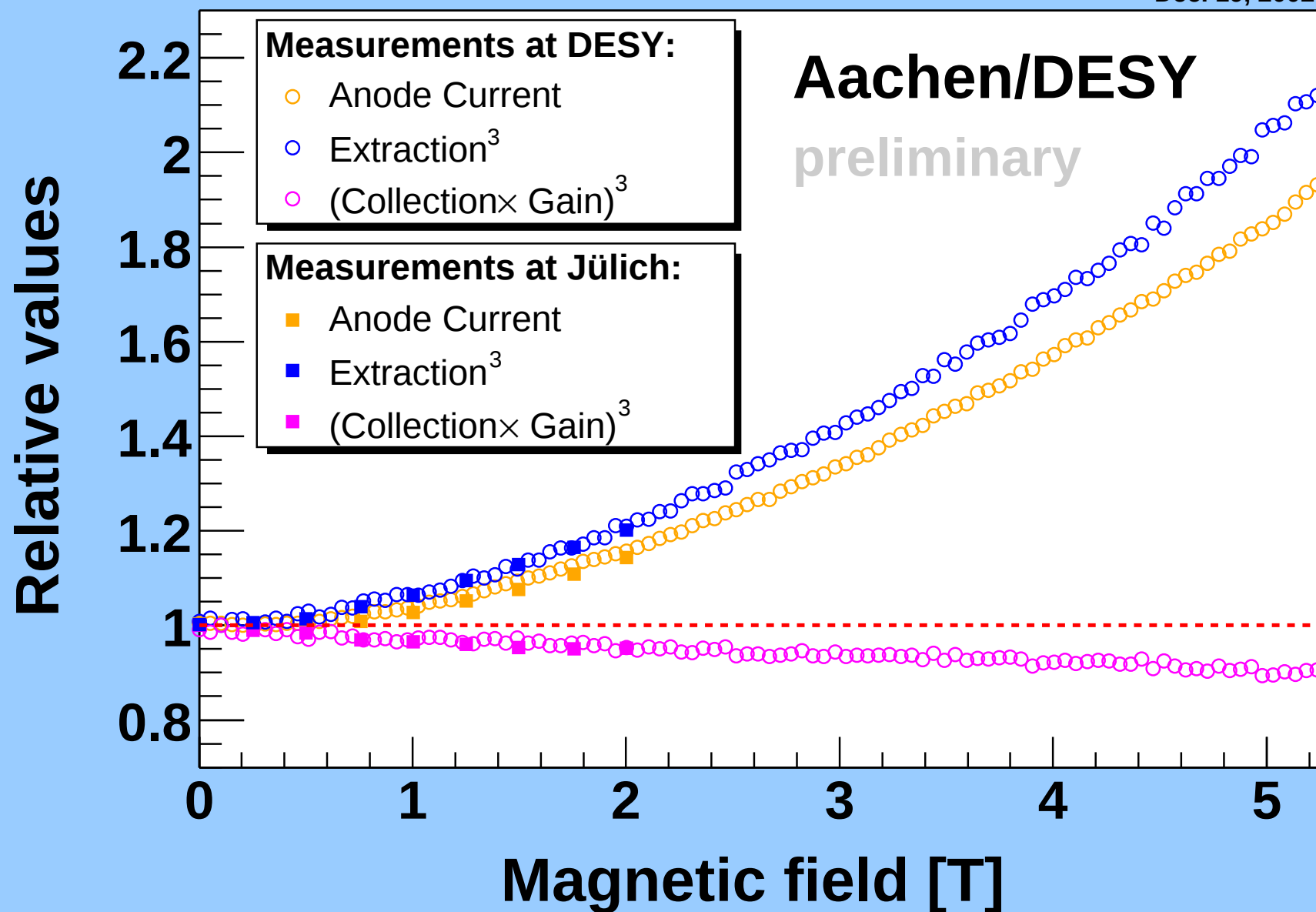


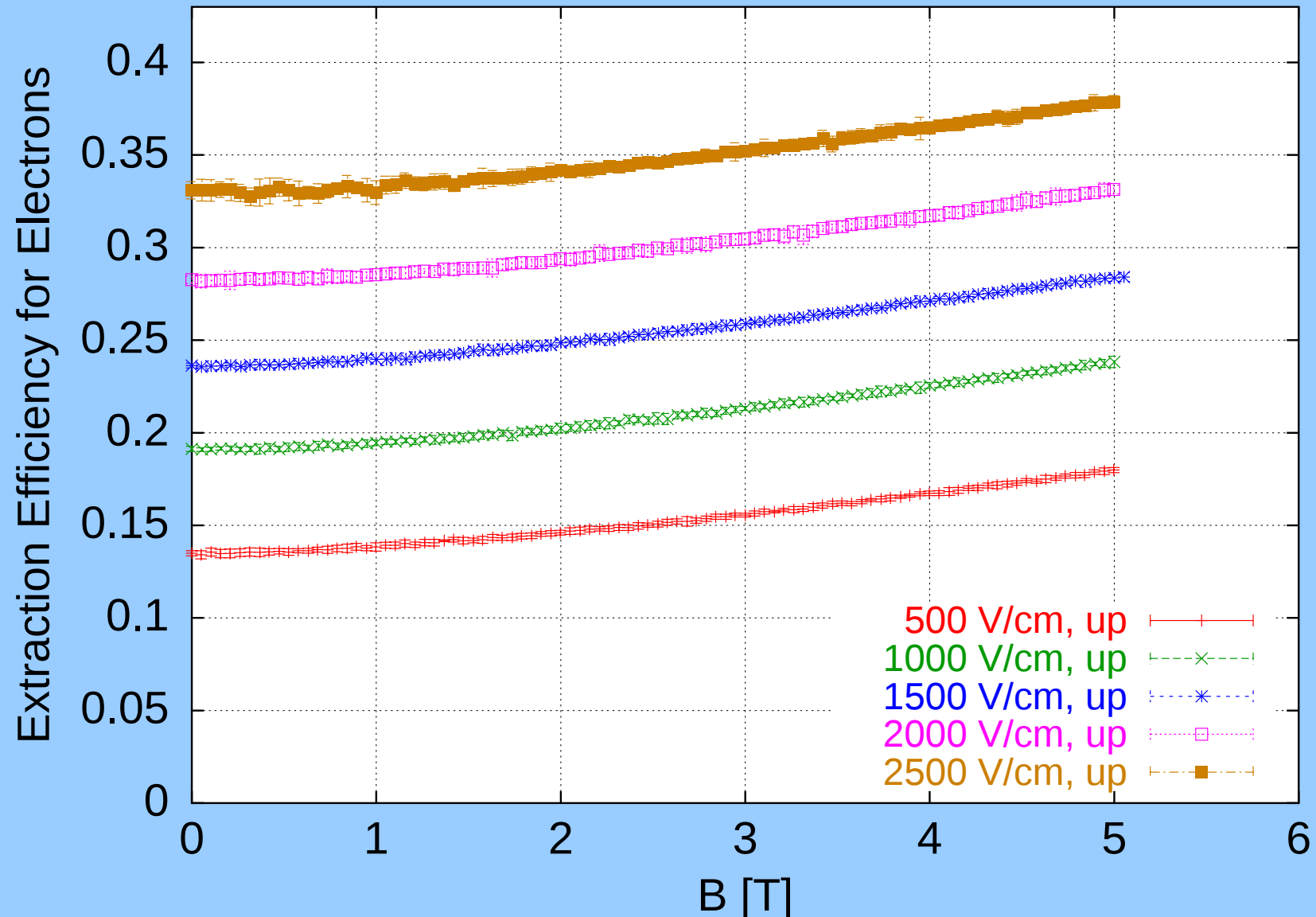
- Charge Transfer Measurement in a 5 T Magnetic Field
 - Effect on electron extraction and ion feedback
- Test Chamber for Pulse Tests
 - Pulse Shapes
 - Pulse Height Analysis
- Monte Carlo Simulations
 - Garfield simulations with different gases
- Large TPC with GEM Readout

Charge Transfer Test in 5 T Magnetic Field

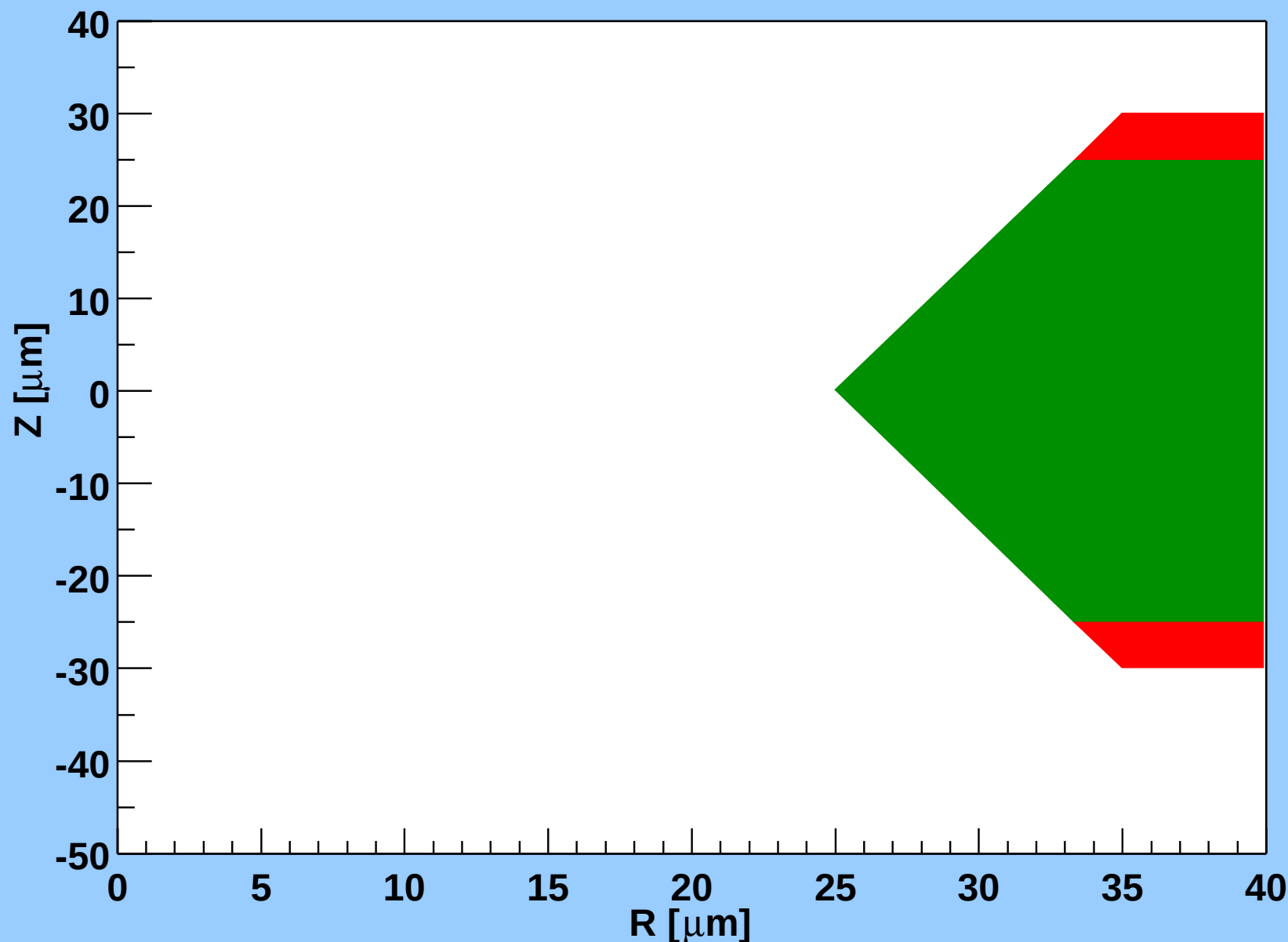


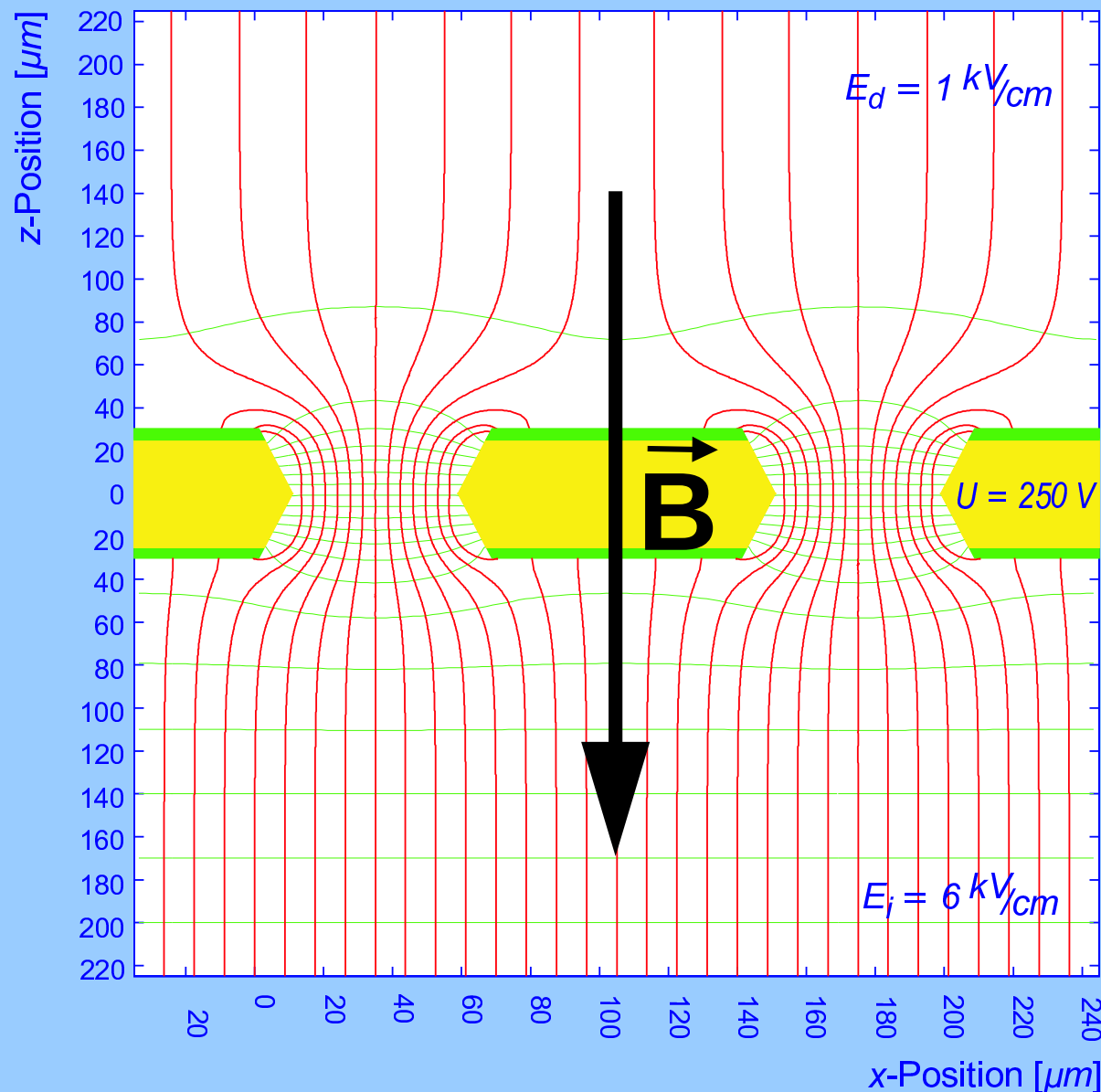
Dec. 19, 2002





R-Z-Distribution of Electron Production Density

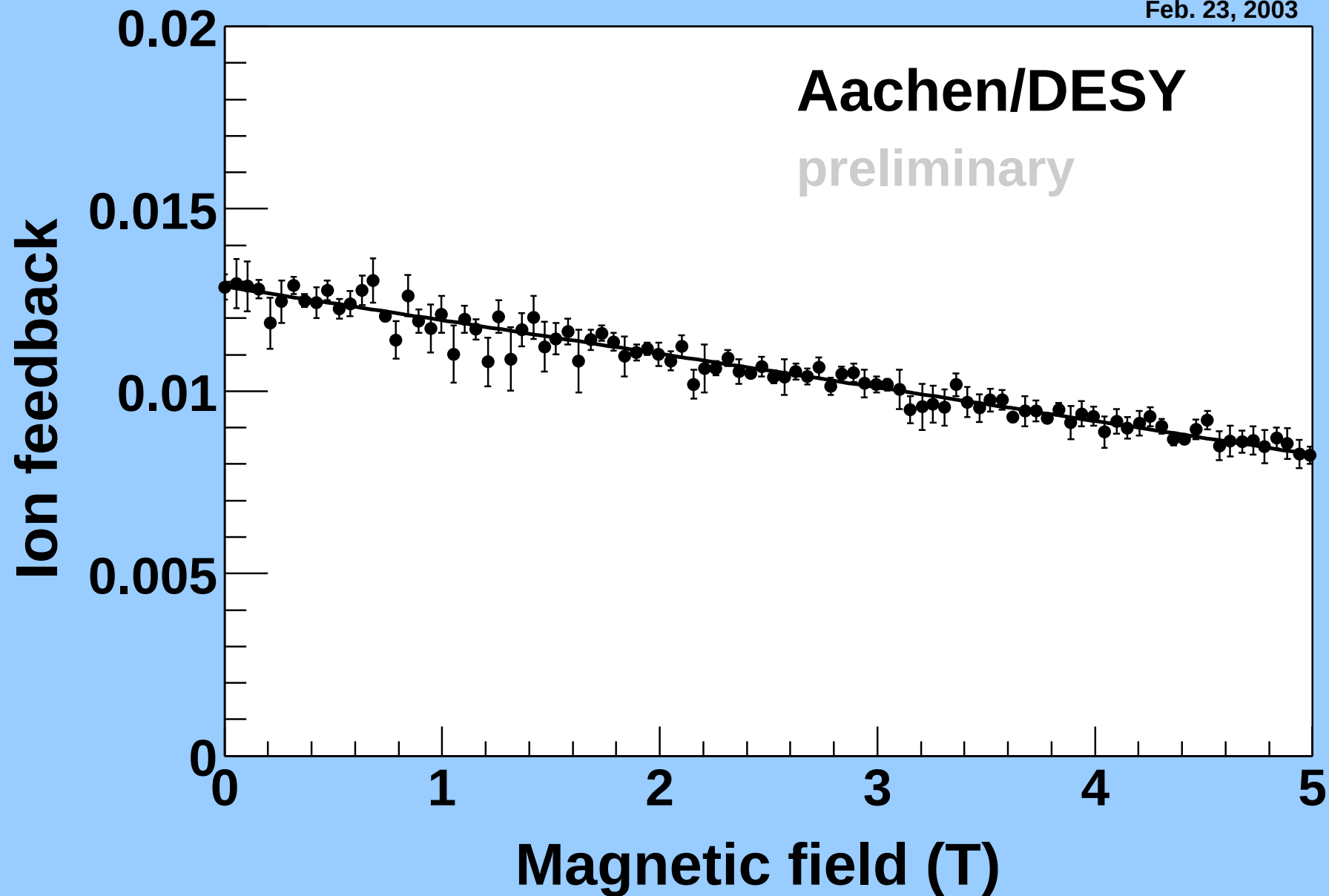




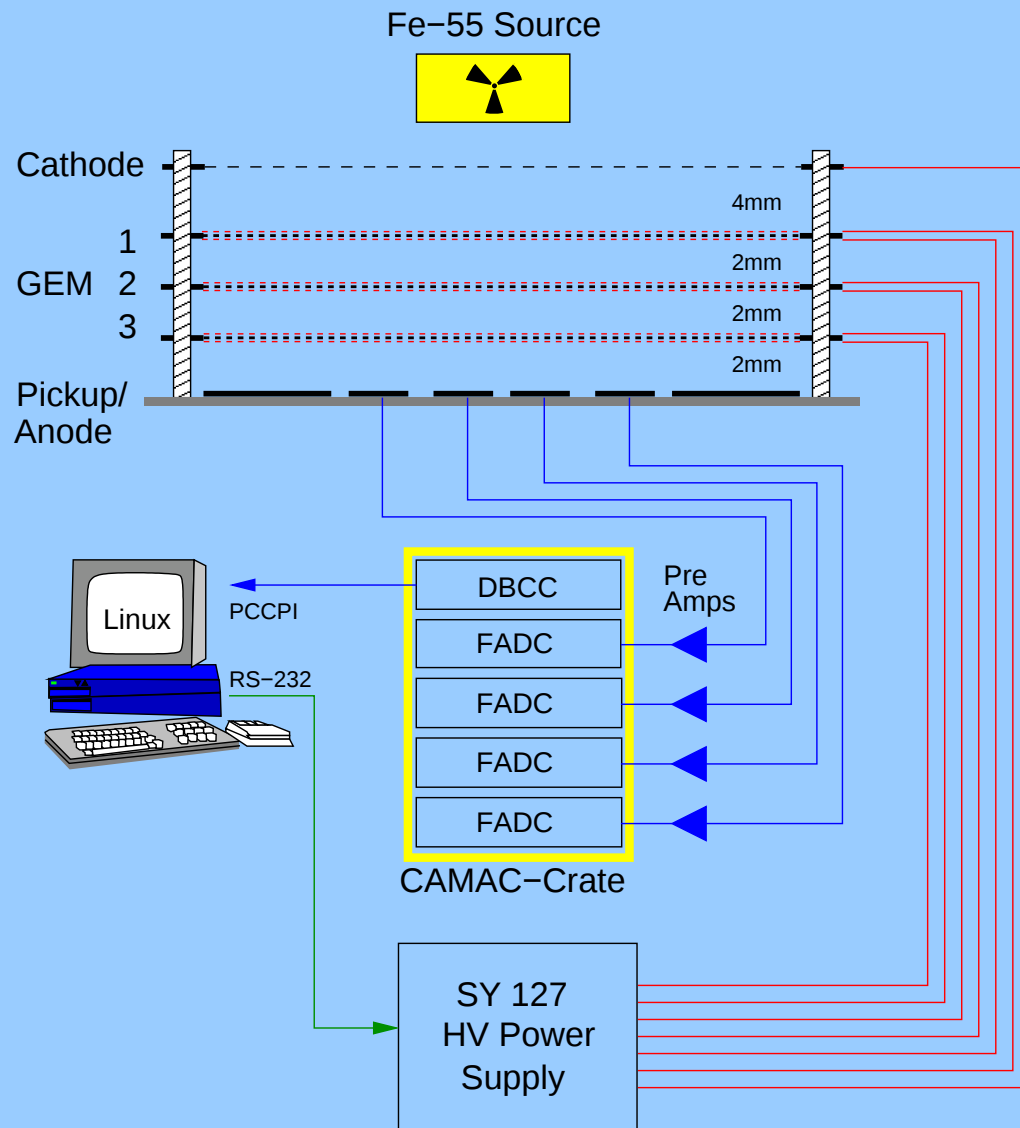
Langevin Formula:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_{Drift} \propto & \frac{\vec{E}}{|\vec{E}|} \\ & + \omega\tau \left(\frac{\vec{E}}{|\vec{E}|} \times \frac{\vec{B}}{|\vec{B}|} \right) \\ & + \omega^2\tau^2 \left(\frac{\vec{E}}{|\vec{E}|} \cdot \frac{\vec{B}}{|\vec{B}|} \right) \frac{\vec{B}}{|\vec{B}|} \end{aligned}$$

Feb. 23, 2003



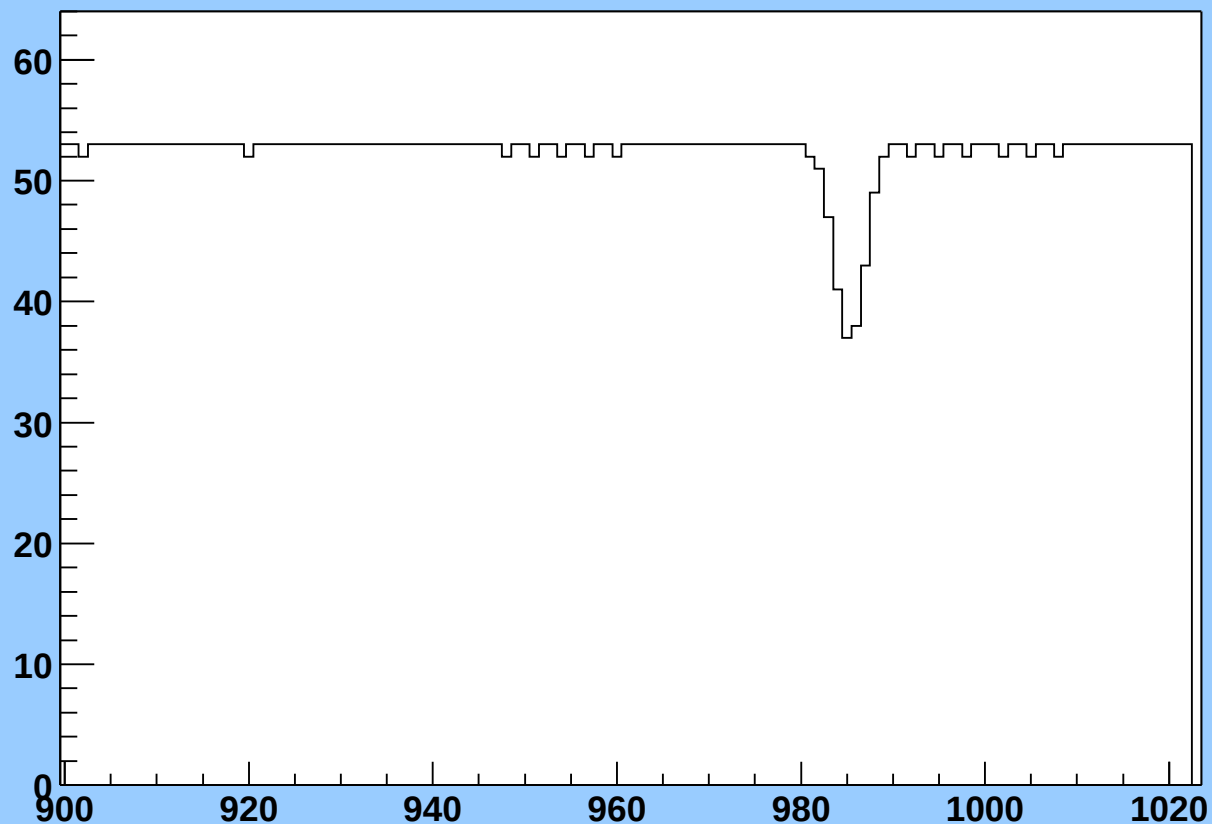
New Test Chamber Setup



- 4 Pads
- Pad size $1 \times 1 \text{ cm}^2$
- 100 MHz FADC, 6 Bit

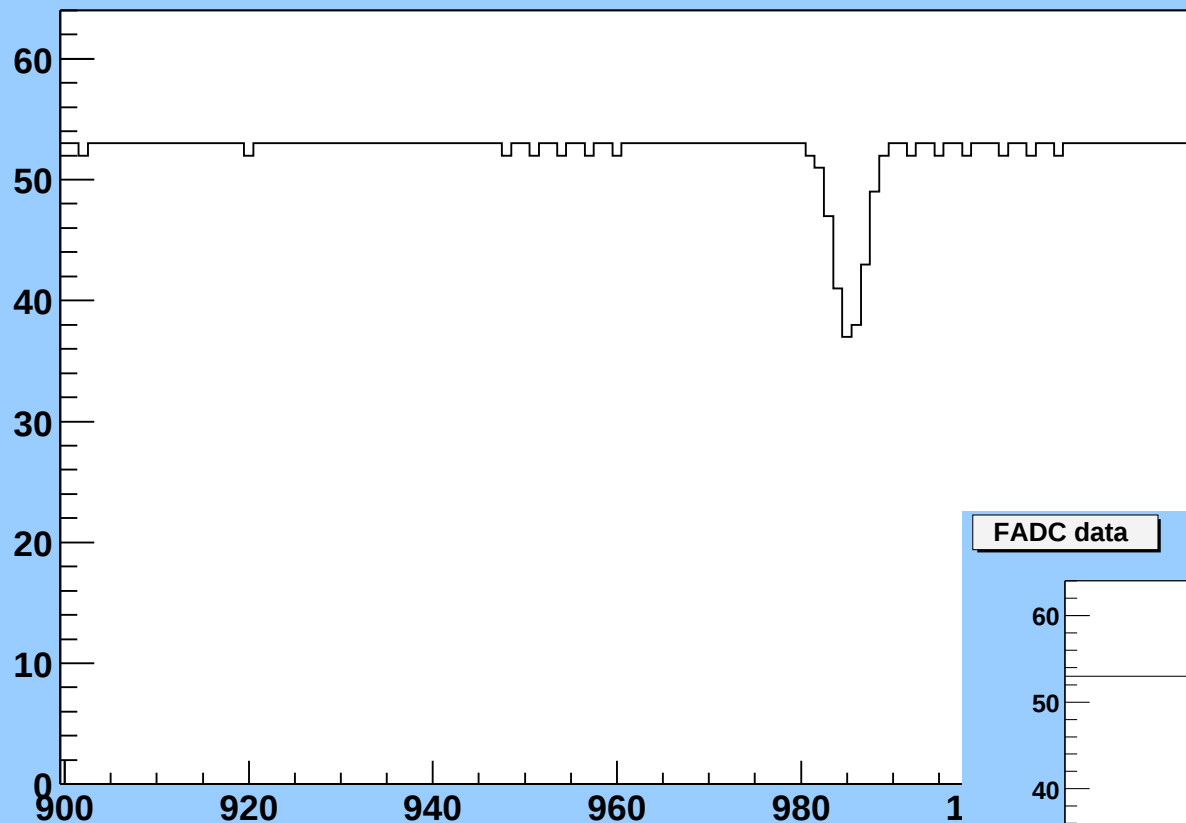
FADC data

Ar/CO₂ 82/18



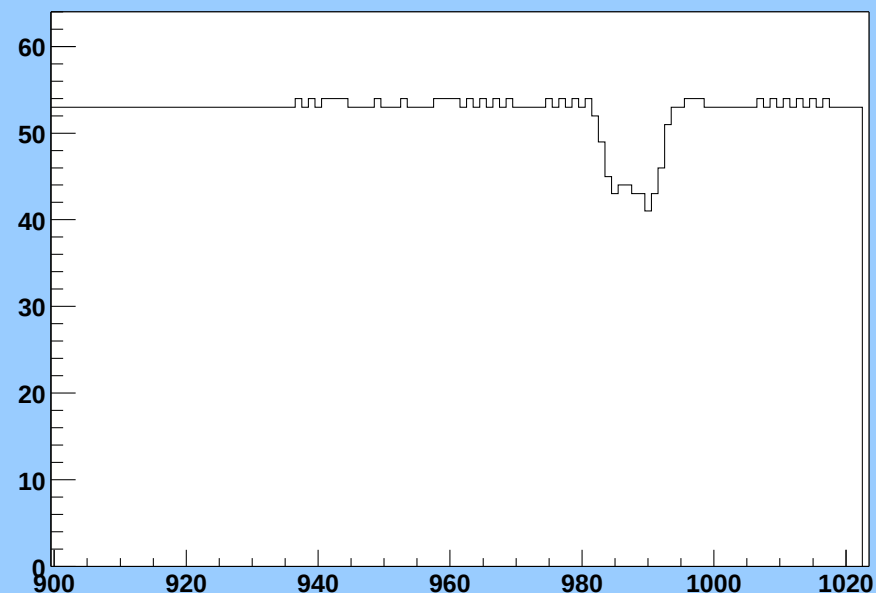
FADC data

Ar/CO₂ 82/18

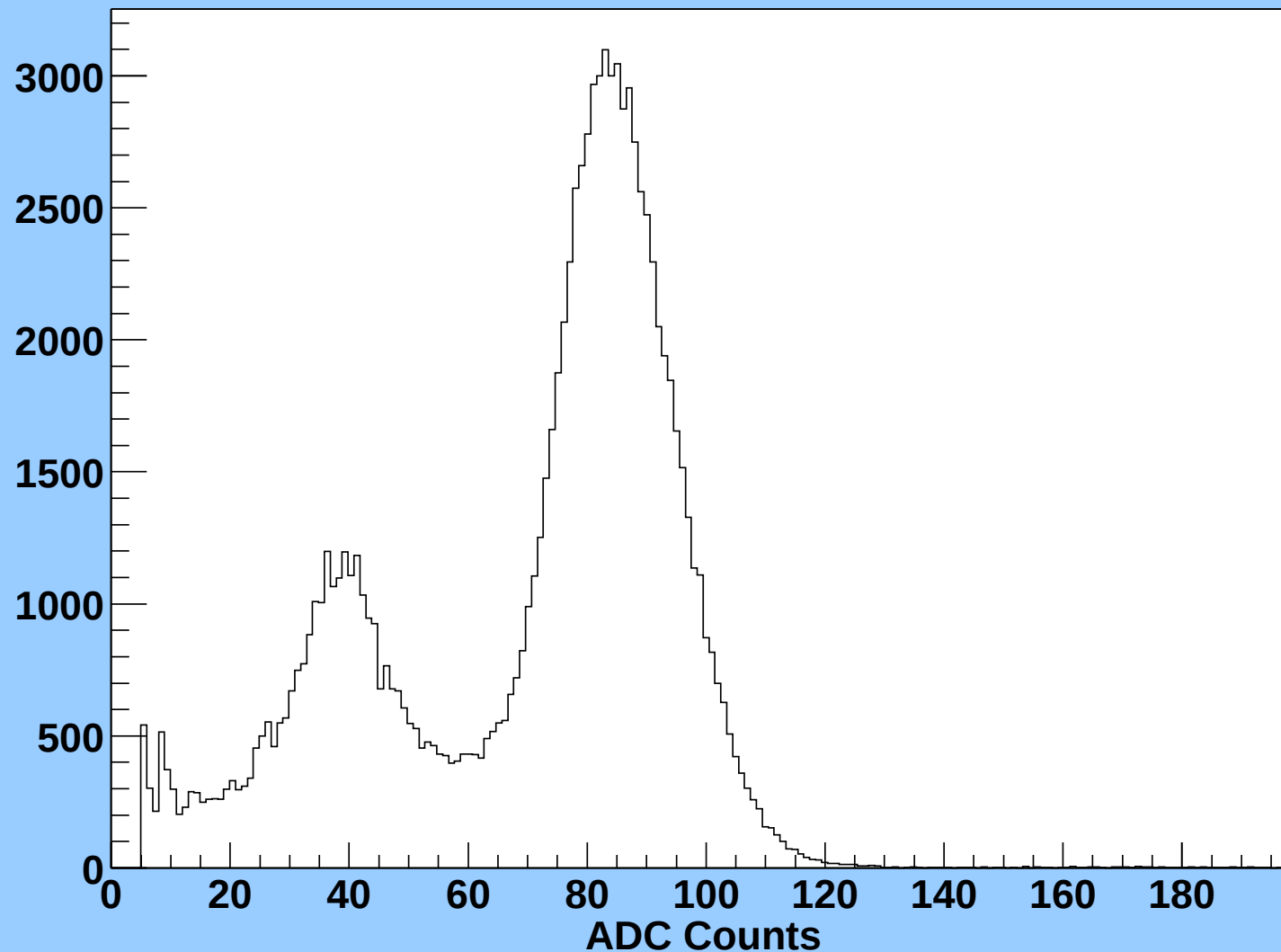


Ar/CH₄ 95/5

FADC data



Ar/CO₂ 82/18



- Electrons and ions follow electric field lines
- Calculation of transfer coefficients from electric flux
- + Helps to understand the effects
- + Qualitatively correct results
- + Parametrisation allows optimizations (e. g. ion feedback)
- No dependency on the gas
- No difference for electrons and ions
- No magnetic field

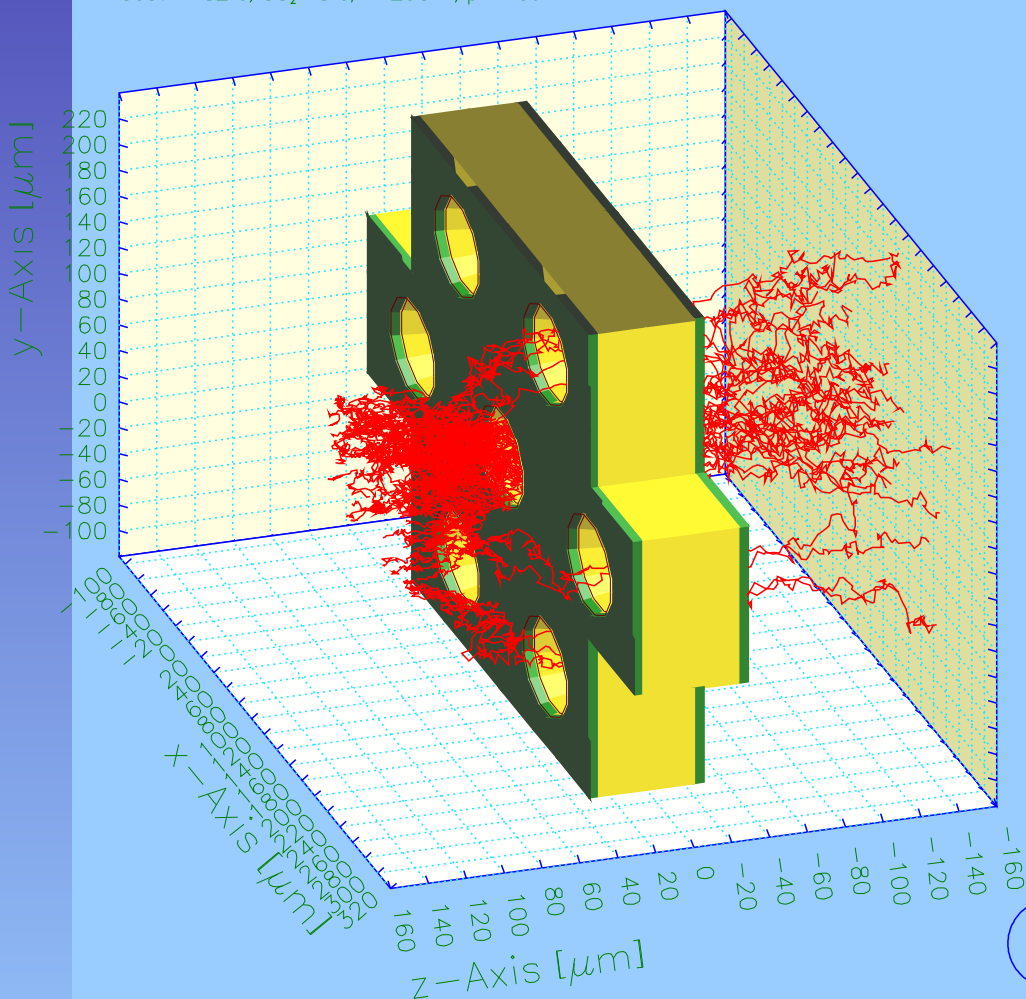
Garfield by Rob Veenhof is a program to numerically simulate drift chambers.

- Can read field maps generated by Maxwell
- Drift and diffusion in gases are included in calculations
- Simulation of electrons and ions
- Drift in magnetic field
- Gas amplification can be simulated

Monte Carlo Simulations with Garfield

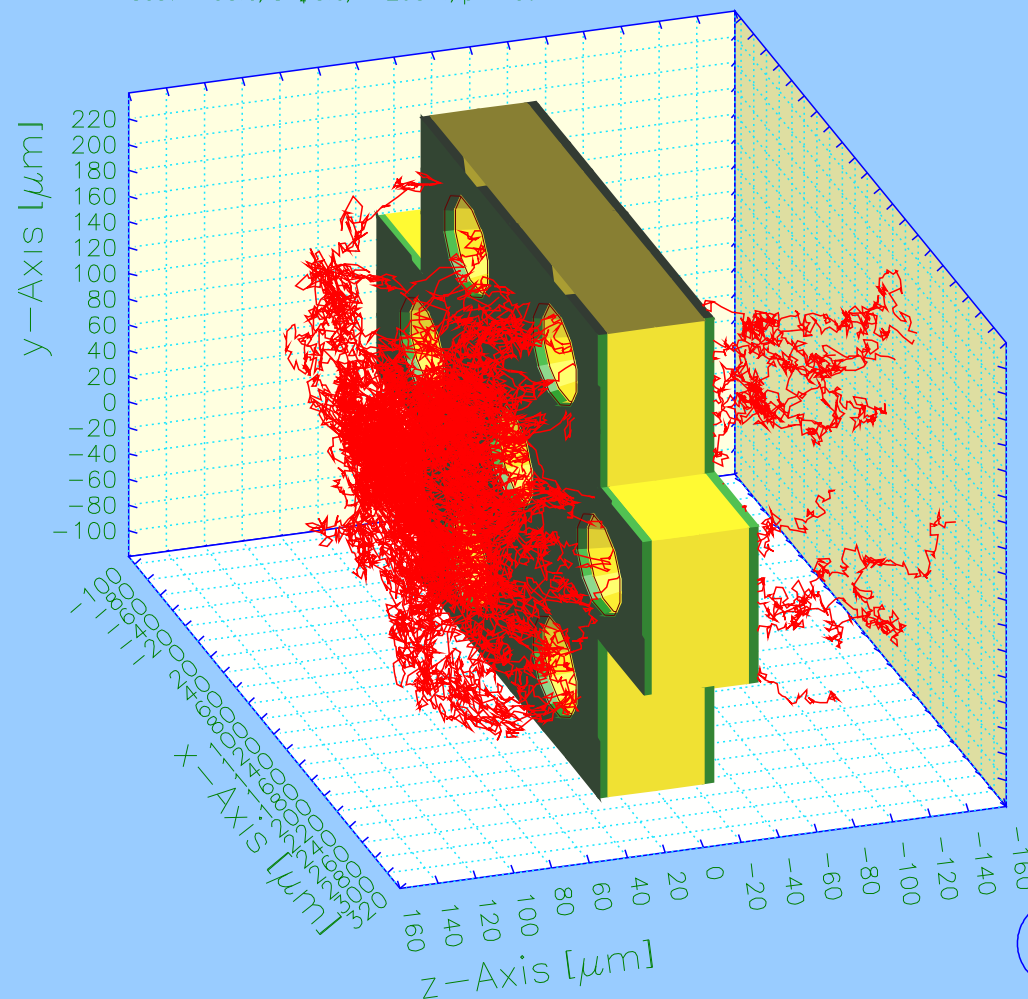
Layout of the cell

Gas: Ar 82%, CO₂ 18%, T=295 K, p=1 atm

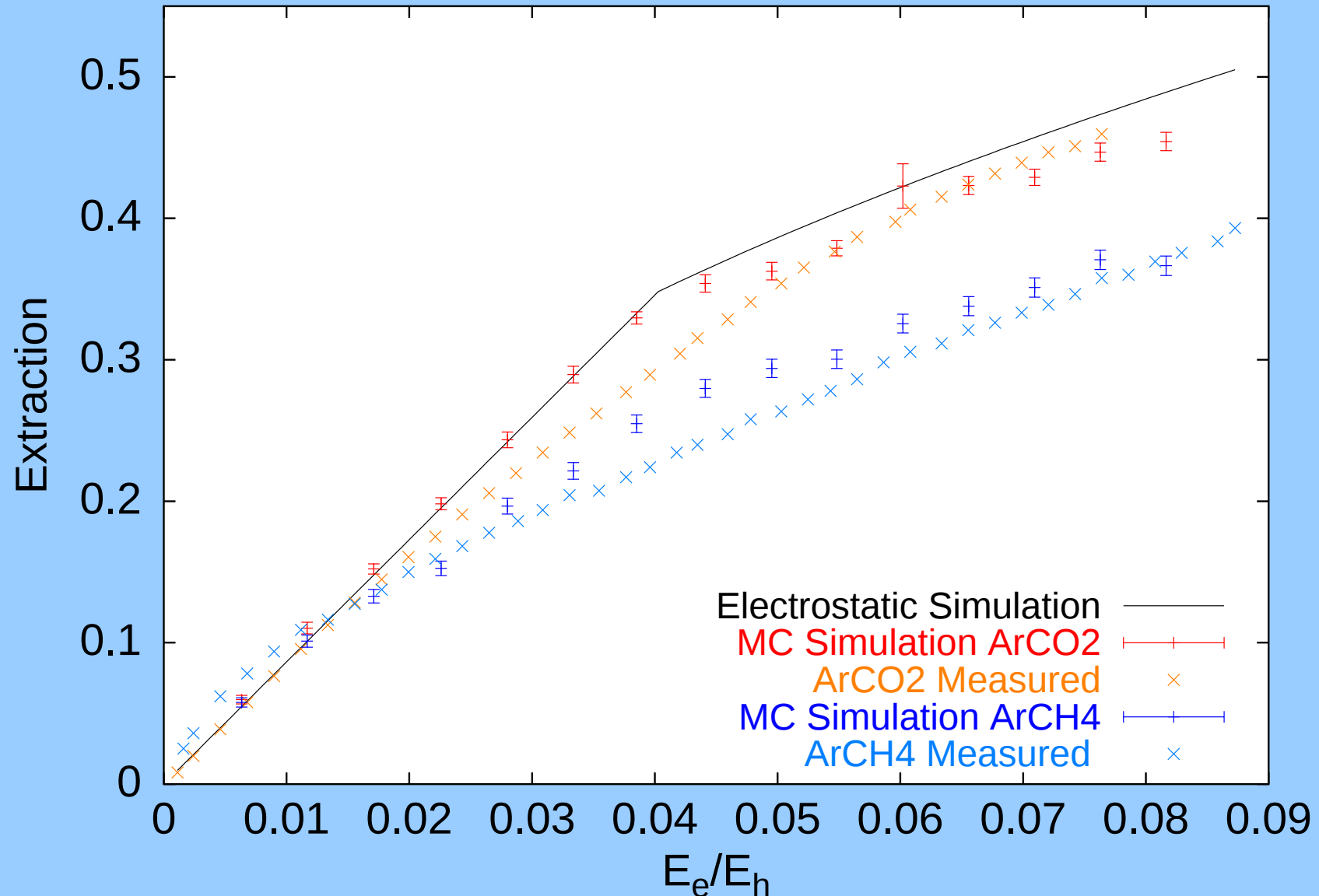


Layout of the cell

Gas: Ar 95%, CH₄ 5%, T=295 K, p=1 atm

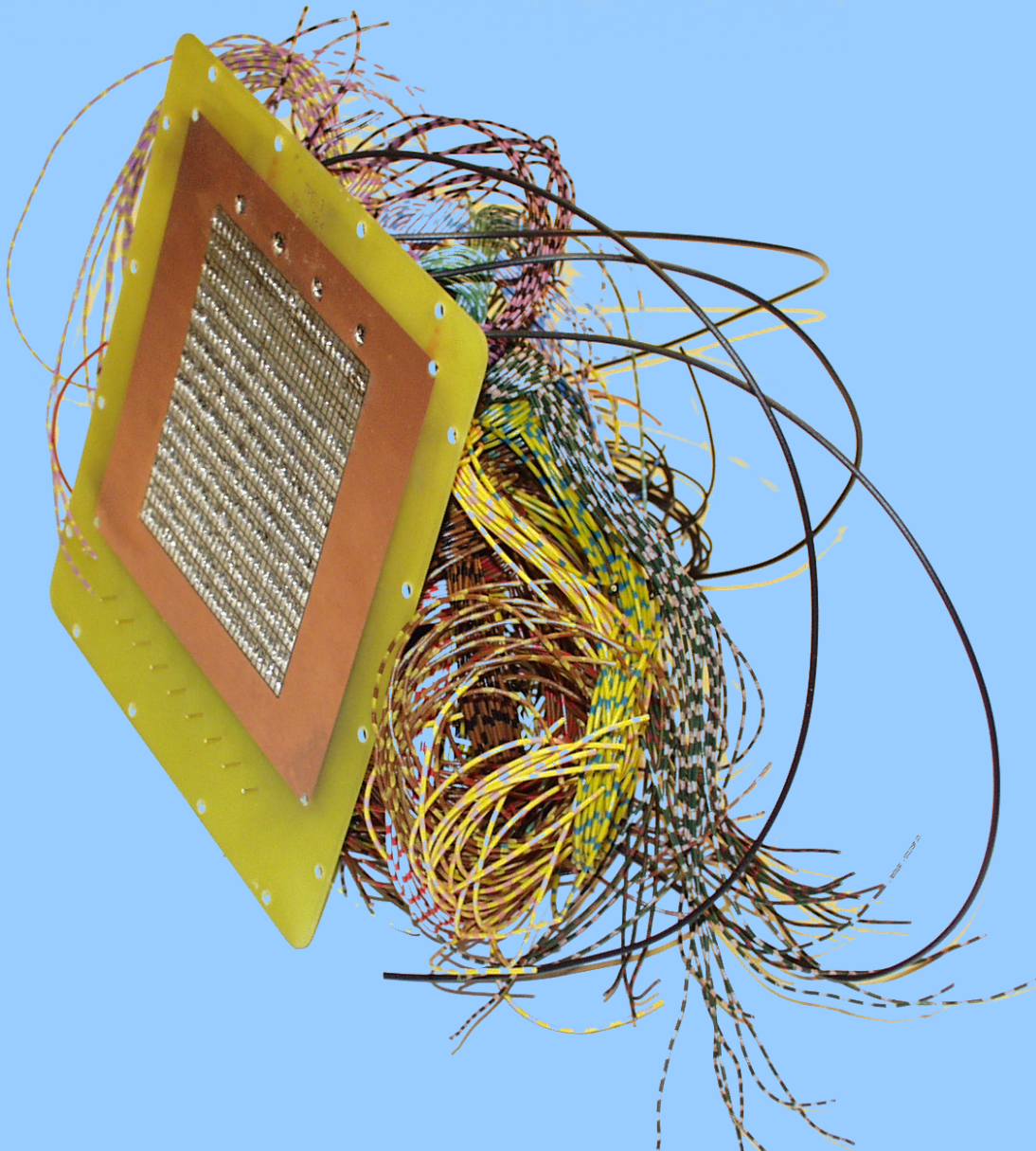


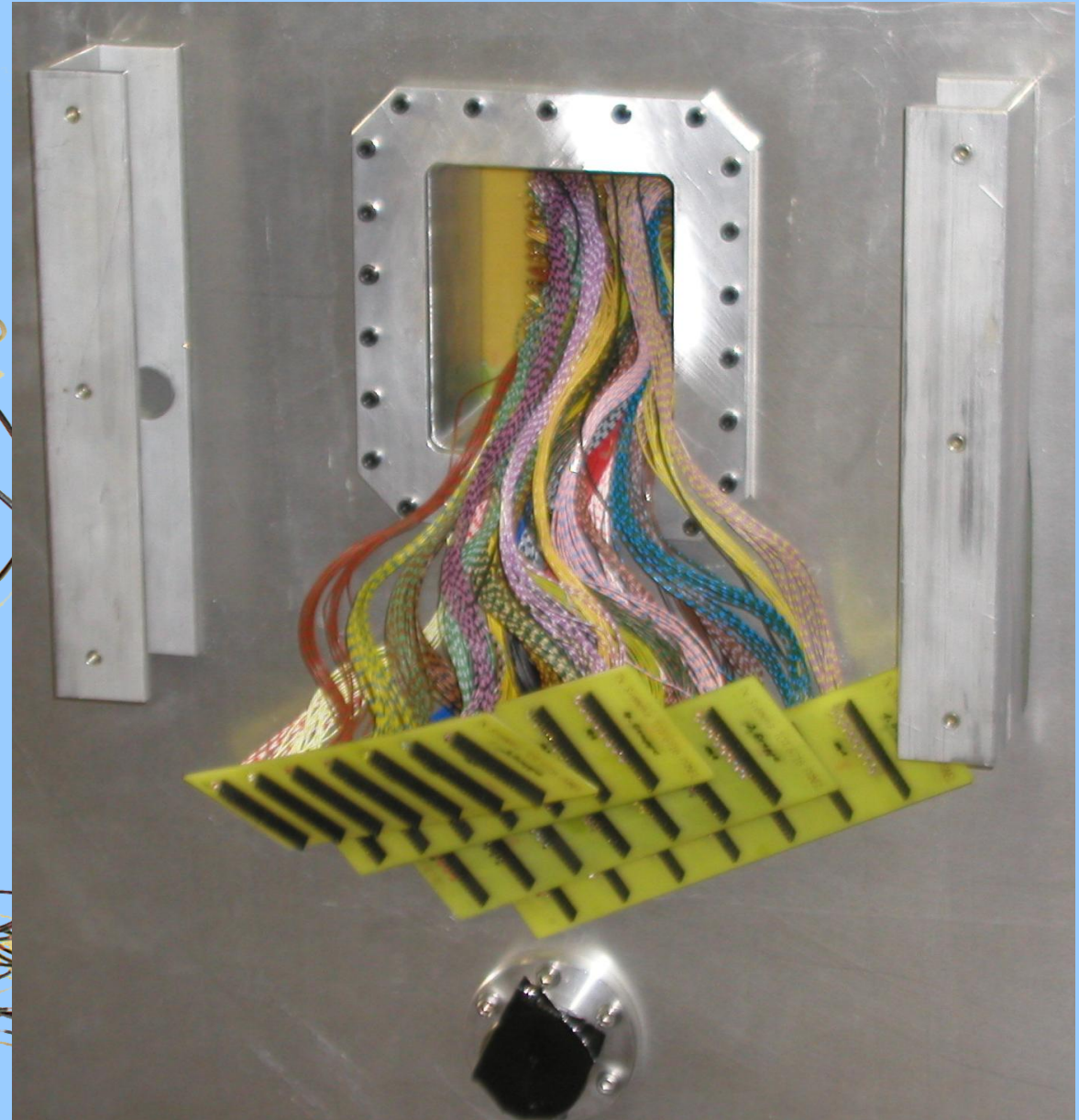
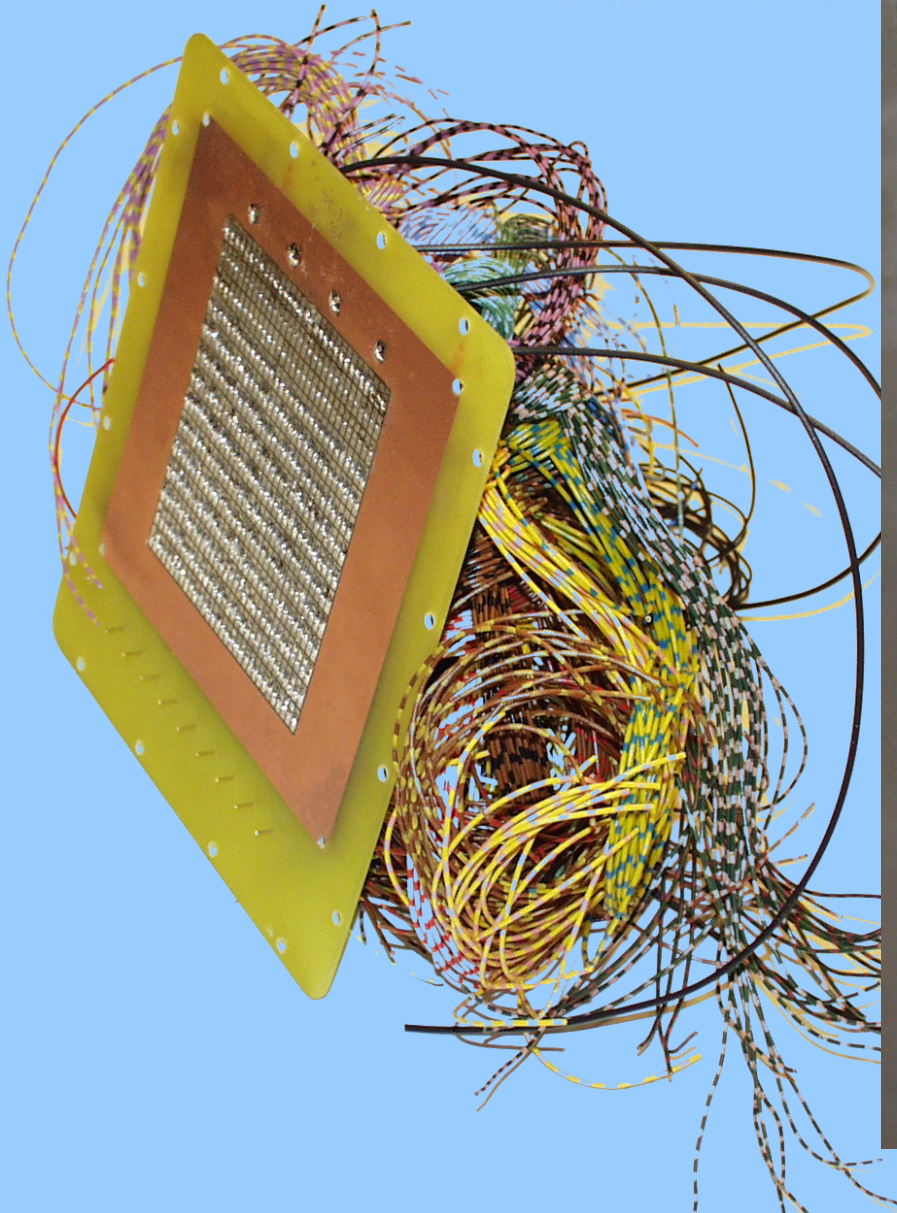
Simulations and Measurement

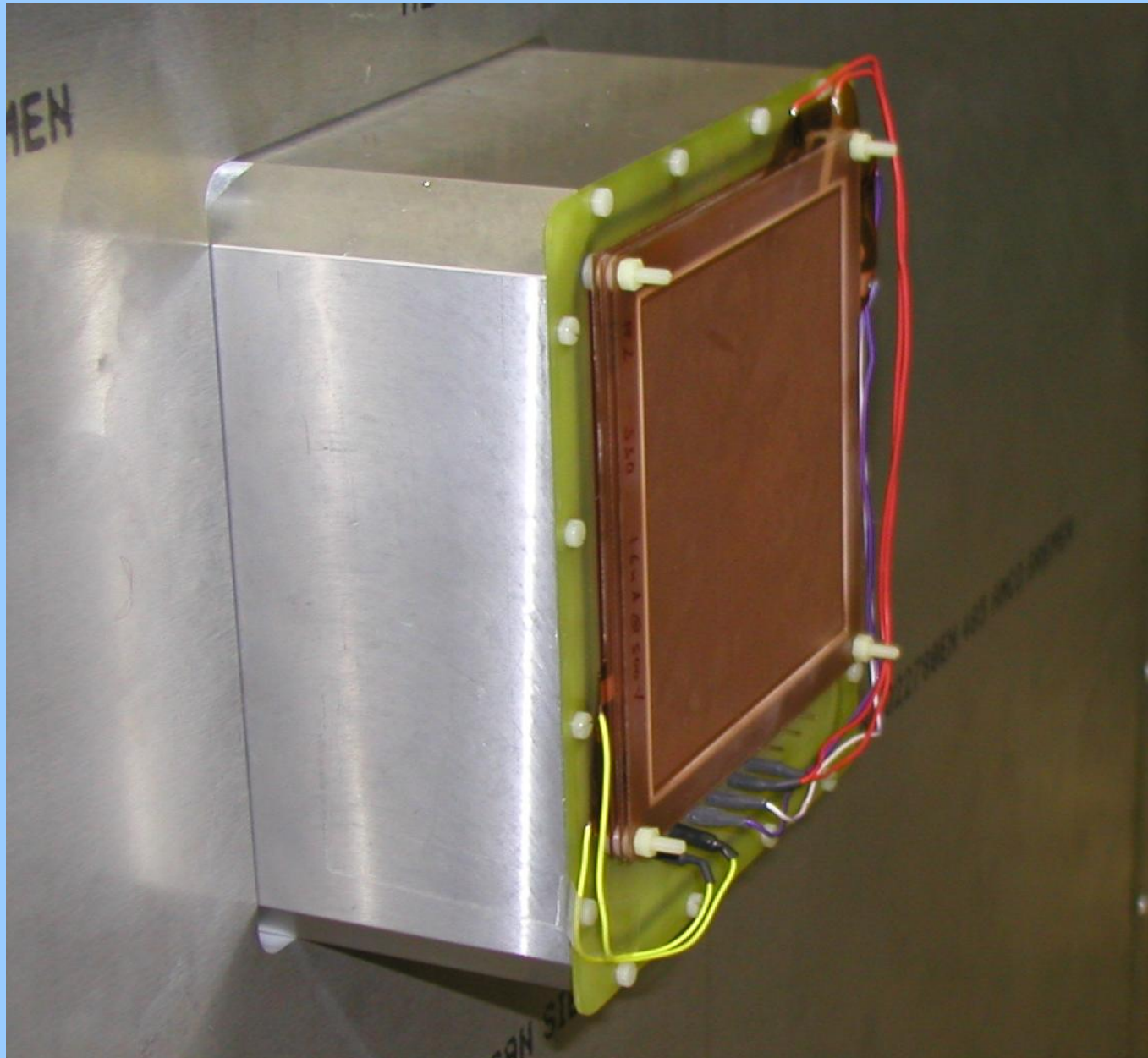


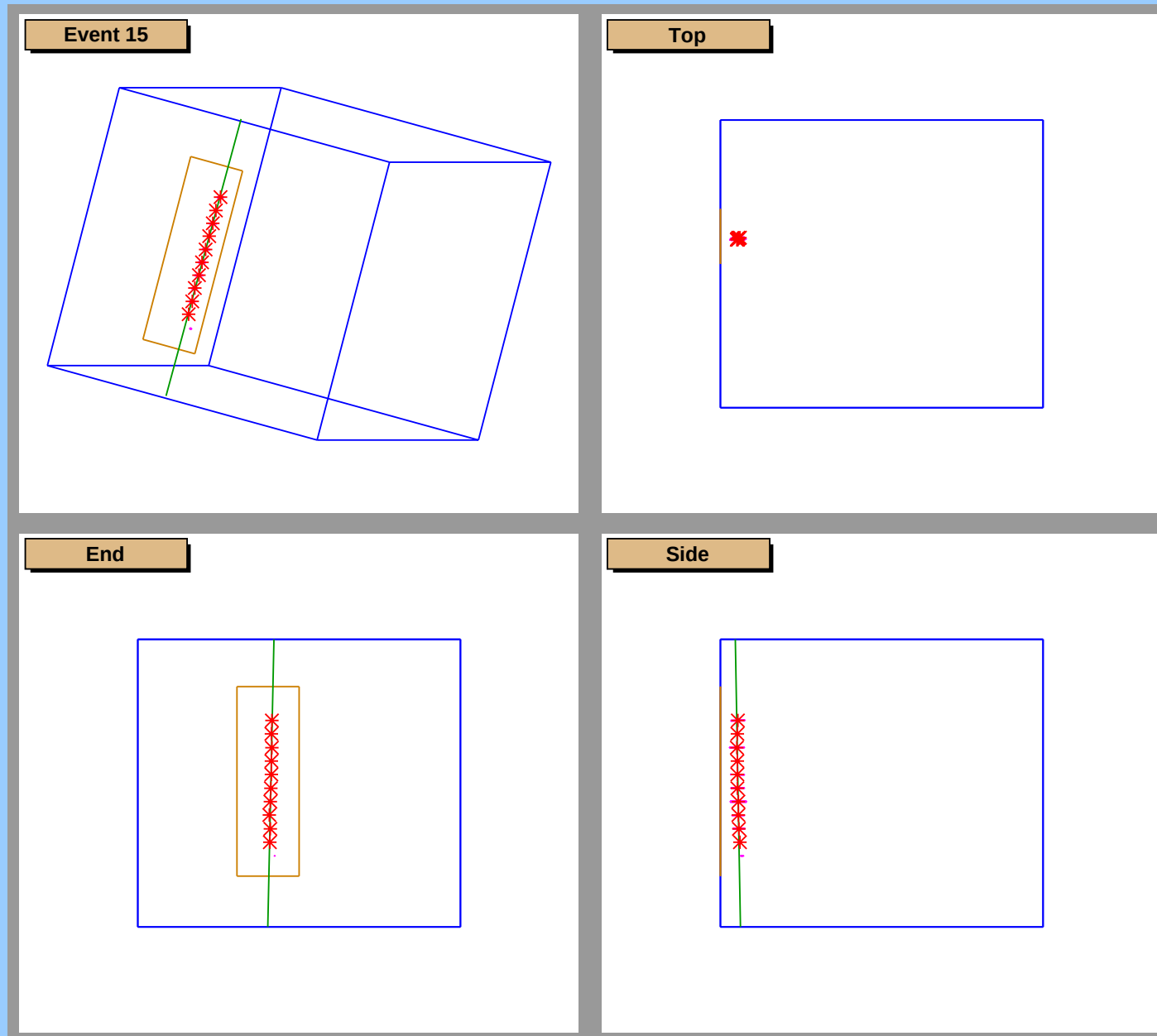


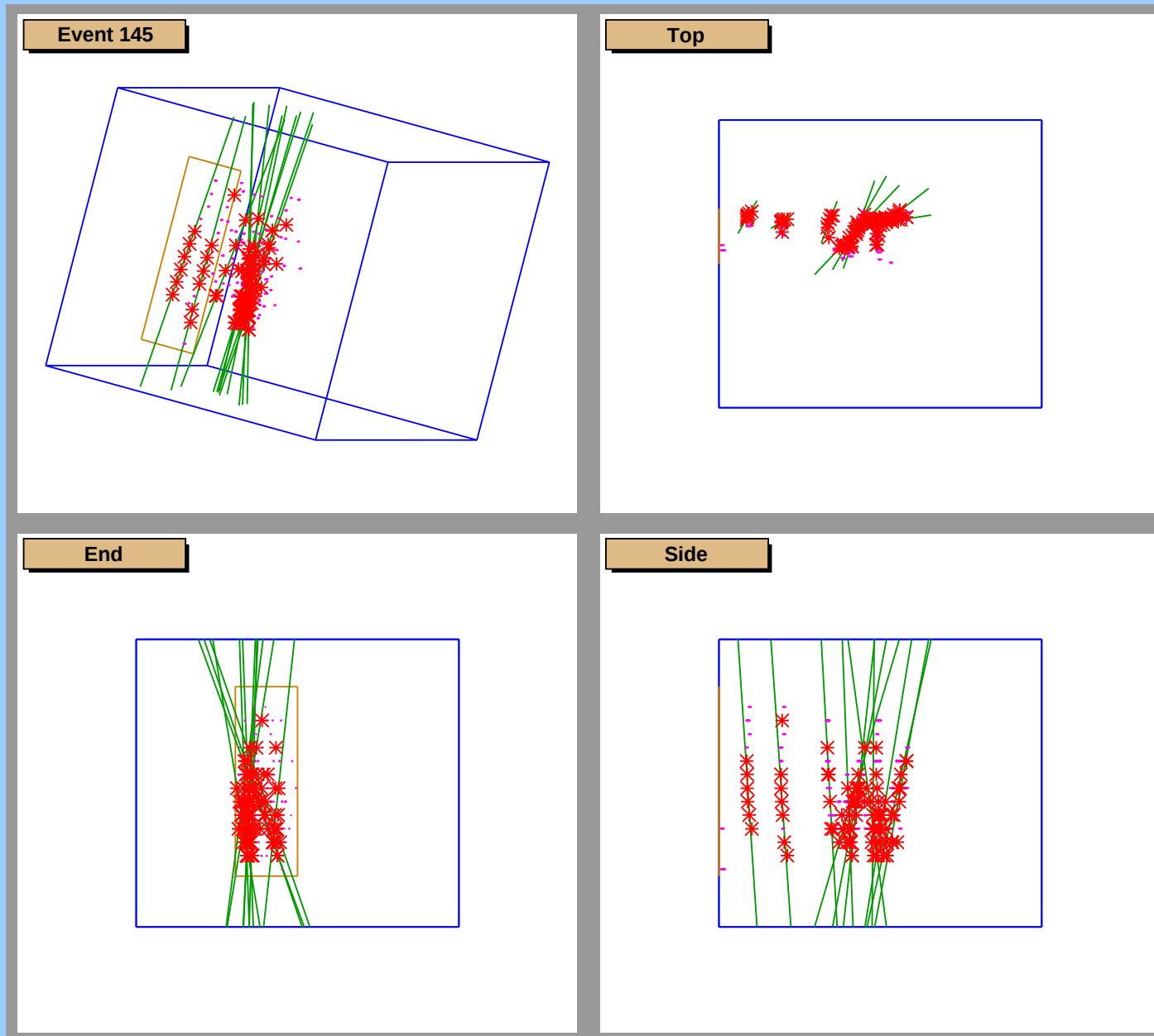
- 3 GEMs
- Rectangular Pads: $2 \times 6 \text{ mm}^2$
- Active Area: $76.8 \times 89.6 \text{ mm}^2$
- 448 Channels
- 12.5 MHz 8 Bit
- Gas System
- Used Gas: Ar/CH_4 95/5











- Measurements in Magnetic Field at DESY
 - New measurements in May (e. g. different gases)
- Test Chamber for Readout Tests
 - Charge spreading in GEM structures
- Garfield Simulations
 - Gas amplification
 - Magnetic fields
- TPC
 - Spatial resolution
 - dE/dX
 - Long term stability

■ Collection Efficiency:

$$C^{\pm} = \frac{N_{e^{-}, I^{+}} \text{ collected into holes}}{N_{e^{-}, I^{+}} \text{ in drift volume in front of GEM}}$$

■ Extraction Efficiency:

$$X^{\pm} = \frac{N_{e^{-}, I^{+}} \text{ extracted from GEM}}{N_{e^{-}, I^{+}} \text{ in GEM holes}}$$

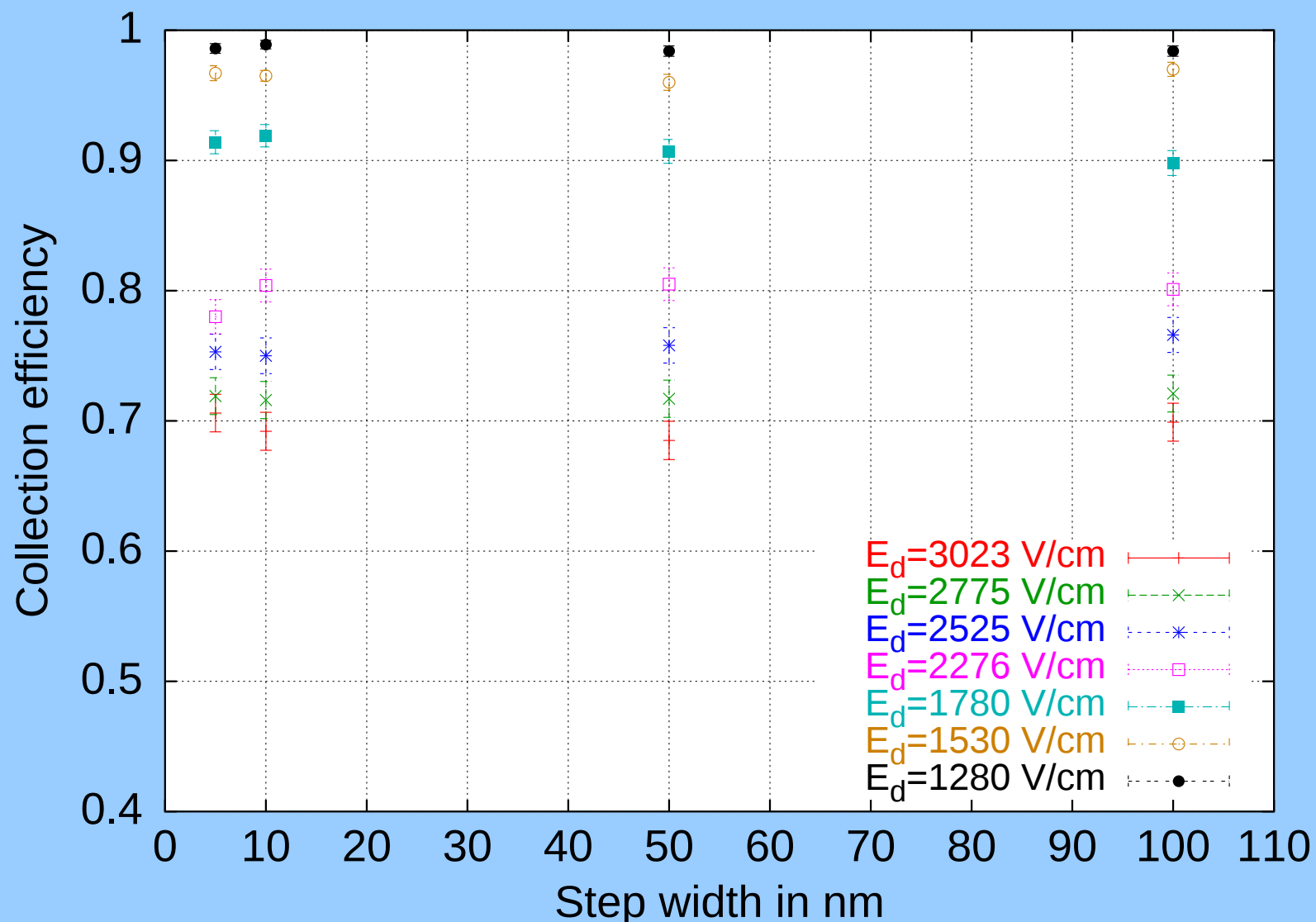
■ Ion Feedback:

$$\Gamma^{+} = \frac{N_{I^{+}} \text{ collected on cathode}}{N_{e^{-}} \text{ collected on anode}}$$

- To allow the individual analysis of coefficients a **periodical setup** of fields and GEM voltages was chosen:
e. g. $U_{GEM} = 330V$, $E = 1000V/cm$
(fields, voltages identical $\rightarrow$ coefficients identical)
- Then the anode current can be expressed by the primary ionisation and the coefficients:

$$\begin{aligned} I_A &= I_P \cdot C_{GEM1} \cdot G_{GEM1} \cdot X_{GEM1} \\ &\quad \cdot C_{GEM2} \cdot G_{GEM2} \cdot X_{GEM2} \\ &\quad \cdot C_{GEM3} \cdot G_{GEM3} \cdot X_{GEM3} \\ &= I_P \cdot C_{GEM}^3 \cdot G_{GEM}^3 \cdot X_{GEM}^3 \end{aligned}$$

Electron collection in Ar/CO₂ 82/18



Ar/C02 82/18

